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Members: Sharon Brown

Mark DeSaulnier Elihu Harris Tom Hsieh Jon Rubin

Angelo Siracusa

Staff Liaison: Steve Heminger

FINAL AGENDA

- 1. Welcome, introduction of MTC Task Force and review of public participation process Mary King, MTC Commissioner
- 2. Welcome, introduction of San Francisco County Transportation Authority Tom Hsieh, MTC Commissioner
- 3. Staff Report Steve Heminger, MTC
 - a. Bicycle lane
 - b. Yerba Buena/Treasure Island ramps
 - c. Engineering and Design Advisory Panel activities
 - d. Summary of other public comment received
- 4. Presentation on bridge design alternatives Denis Mulligan, Caltrans
 - a. Video presentation
 - b. Urban simulation demonstration
- 5. Presentation on Transbay Terminal Stuart Sunshine, San Francisco Mayor's Office
- 6. Other Business/Public Comment

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(COMM/BAY BRIDGE/AGENDA)

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METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION BAY BRIDGE DESIGN TASK FORCE PUBLIC MEETING TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS, taken at War Memorial Opera House, 401 Van Ness Street, San Francisco, California, commencing at 5:40 p.m., Thursday, May 8, 1997, before Sharon Lancaster, CSR No. 5468.

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4	JON RUBIN		CITY OF	SAN FRANC	CISCO
5	TOM HSIEH		SAN FRA	ANCISCO CO	UNTY
6	ANGELO SIRACUSA		BCDC	e '=	
7	ELIHU HARRIS		ALAMEDA	COUNTY C	ITIES
8	MARK DeSAULNIER		CONTRA	COSTA COUI	NTY
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10	STAFF MEMBERS:		*		
11	STEVE HEMINGER				
12	BRIAN MARONEY				
13	DENNIS MULLIGAN				
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1	THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1997 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
2	5:40 P.M.
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4	CHAIRPERSON KING: Good evening. Good
5	evening. Could we have your attention, please.
6	I want to thank you all for joining us
7	in this our fourth public hearing of the Bay Bridge
8	Design Task Force. I want to welcome you, and
9	appreciate your participation this evening.
. 0	My name is Mary King. I'm a member of
1	the Alameda County Board of Supervisors, the
12	Metropolitan Transportation Commission, and I'm
L 3	chairing this Task Force.
L 4	I will ask my colleagues now to please
L 5	introduce themselves, starting with Jon Rubin.
L 6	MR. RUBIN: I'm Jon Rubin, representing the
L 7	Mayor of San Francisco.
l 8	MR. HSIEH: Tom Hsieh, representing San
L 9	Francisco as well. Normally we stand, so that's why
20	this microphone, when you push down it bounces up.
21	MR. SIRACUSA: Angelo Siracusa,
22	representing the Bay Conservation Development
23	Commission.
24	MR. DeSAULNIER: I'm Mark DeSaulnier. I'm
25	a member of the Contra Costa County Board of

1 Supervisors.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. I expect that Mayor Elihu Harris, who is a member of our Task Force, will also be joining us this evening.

The purpose of this Task Force, for those of you who this is your first meeting, is twofold. First, to develop a consensus recommendation on the design option for the new eastern span of the Bay Bridge.

caltrans has proposed four 'design options to date. Their initial proposals were for a skyway viaduct and a double tower cable-stay bridge. In the past two weeks they also have brought forth designs for a single tower cable-stay bridge and an arch bridge.

Caltrans has also indicated they are willing to consider additional options, provided they meet the strict engineering and design criteria required for this critical project. Two designs, both for cable-stay bridges, already have been submitted, and more are expected. So our process is developing as we had anticipated. This evening Caltrans will review with us the design alternatives that they have proposed.

The second purpose of the Task Force

is to recommend any additional features that might be included as part of the bridge project. We wish to be clear about what should be considered additional features, or extras, and what should not.

MTC does not believe that having two standard shoulders on the new bridge is an extra. We also do not believe that additional seismic retrofit of the existing west span, so that is as strong as the new east span, is an extra.

MTC believes both of these items should be included in the base cost of a new bridge, and this base cost will be used to determine the cost sharing arrangement that is currently being negotiated between our legislators and others in Sacramento.

We do acknowledge that certain additional features may be desired by the East Bay community, and we have heard from many on these additional features and will hear from others this evening. The cost of these additional features should not be borne by the state.

And I think it's also important to emphasize that the best Bay Bridge design may not necessarily be the most expensive one.

All bridge design options will be

evaluated by a special engineering and design advisory panel made up of cost reviewers, engineers, seismic specialists, and design experts. This panel has recently agreed upon a set of engineering and design criteria for all bridge proposals. These criteria have been distributed to Caltrans and to other interested parties.

The engineering and design advisory panel will hold a three-day workshop at the Waterfront Plaza Hotel at Jack London Square in Oakland from May 12 to May 14, for the presentation of bridge design proposals.

In subsequent meetings, on June 2nd and June 16th, the advisory panel will evaluate the proposals based on seismic strength, elegance of design, and cost. The panel will then develop a short list of recommended designs for consideration by this Task Force at a meeting scheduled for June 24th. At that meeting, a report will also be made summarizing all public comment received since the beginning of this process in February of this year.

At its final meeting on July 16, this
Task Force will adopt its recommendations for a
bridge design and forward them on July 23rd to the
full Metropolitan Transportation Commission, which,

in turn, will submit its recommendations to the governor and the legislature.

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There is a timetable that you can pick up in the back of the room where you entered, that illustrates this process. And there are handouts available, that give details concerning times and locations of meetings. So be sure, if you didn't pick one of those up, to pick it up when you leave.

We do appreciate your taking time to come here today and give us the benefit of your advice, opinions on the design of the new bridge.

Obviously, we know that hearing from as many people as possible is critical to the work of our Task

Force, and we welcome your comments. This is the fourth meeting, as I mentioned. The following earlier ones were held in Alameda, Contra Costa, and Solano Counties.

We have also established three other ways for the public to comment on the bridge design.

There is a telephone comment line. That telephone number is also available in the back of the room.

You can also reach us on the internet.

There are two options for sending us email. And
those addresses are also listed on the fact sheet in
the back of the room. Or you can write to me by

mail, the old-fashioned way, care of MTC.

The closing date for public comment is June 16th. Please let us hear from you by then if would you like to express an opinion on the design of the new bridge.

Before we proceed, I'd like to ask if any of my colleagues on the Task Force would like to make any remarks. (No response.)

We would like to now ask Commissioner
Tom Hsieh, from San Francisco, to welcome you to his
city and introduce the members of the San Francisco
County Transit Authority.

MR. HSIEH: Thank you very much, Madame Chair.

each one of you who come to this gathering and hearing, and I hope you enjoy the San Francisco scene past the Bay Bridge and your stay in San Erancisco.

I hope you are enjoying the City as well.

San Francisco Transportation Authority consists of 11 members, who are really the members of the board of supervisors. I have the pleasure to serve as chair of that Transportation Authority in the past three years. This evening President Barbara Koffman is supposed to be here, and I hope she will

join us sometime this evening.

Otherwise, Madame Chair, I will return
this mike to you. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you, Commissioner

Hsieh.

We will now have a staff report from Steve Keminger. Steve is MTC's manager of legislation and public affairs.

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STATEMENT BY STEVEN HEMINGER

MR. HEMINGER: Thank you.

We have four items on the staff report for you this evening. The first two, on the bicycle lane and the Yerba Buena/Treasure Island ramps, will be handled by Dennis Mulligan and Brian Maroney from Caltrans. They have prepared a handout on those two issues, that we hope you have, and in the audience, we hope you have. They look very similar to each other. Please note, one is for Yerba Buena Island ramps, the other is for bike lanes. So Dennis.

MR. MULLIGAN: Thank you, Steve.

Brian Maroney, our project manager for the new bridge on the east span, will give his presentation. As he walks up to the mike, we would like to remind you of Caltrans' position with respect

to the bike path on the western span.

caltrans is proceeding in an expeditious fashion to retrofit the west span. Seismic safety is of paramount importance. So any decision to add a bike path to the western span we view as a separate project, and we view that as being implemented after the west span is retrofit. We will not take any action which delays retrofit of that western span.

STATEMENT BY BRIAN MARONEY

MR. MARONEY: Madame Chair, at a previous meeting you requested that the California Department of Transportation study a bicycle facility in connection with the communities of Oakland and San Francisco, and you asked for that facility to be incorporated into the Bay Bridge.

At that time there were questions concerning (1) feasibility and (2) cost. And tonight I would like to report to you on those two.

With the respect to the first one, feasibility, I can tell you right now that we looked at it, and in my professional opinion, in fact, a bicycle facility across the entire bay is feasible.

With respect to the second issue,

cost, I would like to focus attention onto the board 2 presented over here. And I'd like to walk you 3 through the facility, and I would like to share with you the vision, the vision that we have for this 4 facility, so everybody understands exactly what it is 5 we estimated. And that's important because any good 6 estimate is always founded on a vision. The facility that has been provided is 8 9 12 foot wide, 8 feet of vertical clearance. 10 appropriate railing and fencing are provided, and

they are also incorporated in the estimate.

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This display and its elements are also And there is a similar display in the in a handout. hallway. For those of you who are having difficulty seeing this, you can view it in the hallway. it's also in the handout.

Basically, this display offers a view of the Bay Bridge from the air, looking down on it. And this side is essentially the Oakland side. These are the east spans. This is Yerba Buena Island. These are the west spans, and this is the San Francisco side. This is the southern side of the bridge, and this is the northern side of the bridge.

What I would like you to do is focus on the solid red line that is going along the

southern side of the bridge. That's important. I'm
describing where the bike facility is right now.

First let me share with you why we envision it on the southern side.

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The original state of the bridge at the time of its construction carried rail on the southern side of the bridge and on the lower deck. And in the '50s when the bridge was modified, the rail was taken off, and car traffic and truck traffic was allowed to use the entire width of the lower deck. The actual deck on the southern lower edge was actually lightened.

So we envision that the greatest opportunity to add dead load to the structure is on the southern side and on the lower deck. So we're pursuing economy at the greatest opportunity.

If I can, I can walk you through the bicycle route right now, as you would take it from Oakland to San Francisco.

On the eastern side, on the Oakland side, the bicycle facility would be contiguous with the bicycle facilities that are planned currently, that are associated with the construction that is currently underway on the eastern side of the bridge. So there would be continuity between the two bicycle

facilities.

The bicycle path would travel across the eastern spans, especially as an extension of the new bridge, the deck width. And as you approach the island on the eastern side, the bicycle path would essentially be carried by an additional widening of an eastbound on ramp and would take bicyclists off onto the island on the southern side. The bicycle route would go along the southern side of the island. There is a narrow road there. Two cars can barely pass. We have evaluated the situation, and we decided the most economical and safest way to proceed with the bicycle facility here is to actually separate the bicycle facility from that narrow road.

Two things would benefit by that.

One, we separate the bicycle traffic from the car traffic, which is good for safety. And the retaining wall system that would be necessary to stabilize a level field or level area for the bicycles to travel on doesn't have to be as great. You're only talking about a bicycle -- 12 feet of width. And if it was incorporated to the existing road, the retaining wall would have to be much taller, and larger expenses would be incurred.

By the time the bicyclist rides on the

western side of the island, an additional structure would have to be added, to take the bicycle path from the southern side of the island onto the western span. An additional structure has to be constructed there.

And then once on the western span, as I mentioned earlier, the bicycle path would be on the southern lower side, to take advantage of the greatest opportunity for the ability to add on the extra dead and live load, and it would travel along the southern lower side of the western span, go around the towers will legal site clearances. That's an issue for bicyclists' safety.

As we approach the San Francisco side, there is a temporary structure -- there was a temporary structure planned for the west approaches as part of the retrofit program. That temporary structure would be, essentially, recommissioned as a permanent structure, and we would allow the cyclists to touch down, essentially, via the Steurt Street ramp on Bryant near Rincon.

The facilities, the cost. From the island inclusive all the way, the west spans, including the west approaches touching down, those costs are 65 million dollars.

1 If you add that to the cost of the 2 skyway alternative on the eastern side, that totals 3 to 149 million dollars. If you take the 65 million for the bicycle facility on the island inclusive 4 5 west, including the west approaches, and you add that to the double tower cable-stay alternative, 102 6 million dollars, that jumps to 167 million dollars 7 for the bicycle path facility from one side to the 8 9 other. Some additional pieces of information 10 I want to make sure everybody understands. 11 12 detailed wind and seismic analysis has not been 13 carried on on this system. There are hundreds of -there are tens of thousands of members on the western 14 span that would have to be evaluated, and that would 15 take a significant amount of time. 16 17 Some bicycle elements -- some bike 18 path elements do not meet ADA. And there is a judgment there, and I wanted to make sure that's 19 20 perfectly clear. With that, the presentation concludes. 21 22 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 23 Next will be Dennis Mulligan. 24 25

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PRESENTATION BY DENNIS MULLIGAN

MR. MULLIGAN: Good evening, Madame Chair.

At the last meeting in Suisun City, Commissioner

Hsieh requested that we evaluate adding a ramp onto
the island side.

I have a handout. The handout includes two sheets. One shows the new bridge constructed on a northern alignment, and the other shows the new bridge constructed on a southern alignment. We show that because that issue has not been resolved. That is one of the issues the design panel will be considering at their next meeting.

With respect to that, I'll give a brief description of Yerba Buena Island. Yerba Buena Island is approximately 150 acres. It's a natural island in San Francisco Bay. The elevation from sea level is 350 feet. } That presents some challenges with respect to any construction being constructed on the island.

With respect to that, I'll walk you through the Yerba Buena on ramp as it exists today, and what we propose as one alternative that you may wish to consider.

Currently, the westbound onramps, there are two: One on the east end of the tunnel,

and one on the west end of the tunnel. Those ramps currently have a stop sign and a stop bar, with a rather nominal, to be polite, space for a vehicle to accelerate from a stop to full freeway speed and then merge into the flow of traffic.

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Recognizing that there is a desire to modify that, we developed an alternative, which is shown here, and it's shown in your handout. That alternative pulls back from the tunnel, and we move the ramp to the east side of the island. The reason being, on the west side of the island there is a suspension bridge. The cables come down on the Bay Bridge there, so there is no room to modify the bridge there to provide an extra width for a merging distance for some lane. The only way to accomplish that is on the other side of the tunnel.

This ramp right here provides a much greater distance for the motorists to accelerate and to merge into the flow of traffic. It would be a more comfortable experience for the driver. However, this ramp is up in the air quite a ways here, so there may be some visual impacts associated with that.

with respect to the westbound off ramp, that is currently on the left side. You would

switch that to the right side and have it come on at the same terminus on the island. So a driver from outside the region, who is not familiar with the area, typically expects an off ramp on the west side. So it would provide a less confusing experience for them.

With respect to that, it's important to know that currently the westbound on ramp from Treasure Island, the manmade island, has a more direct access to the bridge. These ramps would tie on in a different place. And the existing road system on the island might not be able to accommodate the trips, depending on the reuse on the island.

With respect to the eastbound ramps, the eastbound off ramp is virtually unchanged. We did feel that the eastbound off ramp in its current configuration can work.

The eastbound on ramp would provide a standard acceleration distance and merging and meeting distance for a vehicle.

With respect to the island, the southern and northern alignment, there is issues tied with the reuse of the island. Currently on this portion of the island, on the south side of the island, that space is occupied by the Coast Guard.

To the north side, it's currently occupied by the navy, but will be shortly transferred to San Francisco as part of the reuse. So there are some distinctions between the northern and southern alignment on the island with respect to the impact to the navy or San Francisco planned reuse.

The principal changes to the ramps are that they provide an enhanced meeting distance and acceleration distance to the onramps.

The off ramps, in the westbound direction, it switches it to the right side and provides adequate distance to come to a stop.

There are visual impacts with the ramps in this area. It's important to note that.

There are land reuse issues, and the existing roads on the island may not be adequate for the ramp at its location. However, the cycle viaduct on this side of the island, the west side, where the current access is, that has to be seismically retrofitted, so it is a structure that would need some additional work.

We developed a cost estimate for just the ramp modifications shown here and in your handout. That cost estimate does not include modifications to the road on the island which may be necessary. The cost estimate for these ramps is

approximately 25 million dollars.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Does that conclude your report, Steve?

MR. HEMINGER: No, Madame Chair. There are
two other items on the staff report.

Item C has to do with the engineering and design advisory panel. You mentioned in your opening remarks that the panel will be holding a three-day workshop Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday next week at the Waterfront Plaza Hotel in Oakland. You and the members of the public are, obviously, welcome at that event.

They will be reviewing the 14 proposals that we have received, four of them from Caltrans and ten from outside design firms. The members of the Task Force have those at their seat. We have one additional copy available for everybody else to look at. We had to mail them out to the members of the panel around the Bay Area, around the country, around the world, in fact, for their participation next week. So that is taking place then.

And what's also attached to your memorandum at your seat is a copy of the design criteria that the panel has agreed on as to what will

guide them in their evaluation of these different proposals that they will be reviewing from Caltrans and other parties.

Finally, Item D in our staff report
has to do with the summary of the other public
comments that we received. As you noted, these
public hearings are only one forum for doing so. We
have been receiving a lot of telephone calls and
letters and e-mail.

We'll be giving you a final report at your next meeting in June. But as of today, you can see the last page of the memorandum indicates that the bike lane continues to be the most heavily lobbied issue of the bunch, that public opinion is about evenly split, although not very substantially registered on the issue of what kind of bridge to build.

There is also a substantial amount of comments so far on the issue of bus or light rail, a lane or provision for that on the bridge, and a few folks talking about poles and other issues.

So if you have no comments or questions, that concludes the staff report.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Are there any questions from staff?

MR. SIRACUSA: Steve, from our point of view, which is the best part of the retreat, or the other work that the design group is participating in, that would be helpful to us?

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MR. HEMINGER: Well, let me just briefly lay out the schedule, and you can make your own call on that.

The first morning will be a background briefing from Caltrans on the site itself. There is a lot of very difficult geology to deal with at the site, and you just can't throw any bridge from around the world onto it and it will work.

Then on Monday afternoon and all day

Tuesday will be when the proposals are considered

from the presenters. We have tried to organize them

according to bridge type. So we'll be seeing a lot

of cable-stay bridges on Monday afternoon, and on

Tuesday some suspension spans and viaduct and other

types.

On Wednesday, we hope the presentations will be concluded and the panel will be deliberating on which kinds of bridges or which bridge types it wishes to consider for further analysis as to seismic performance, as to cost, and other considerations. So the presentation will be

the first two days, the deliberations on the third. 2 CHAIRPERSON KING: As I indicated in my opening remarks, we would be joined by Mayor Harris 3 4 of Oakland. 5 Mayor Harris, do you have any comments? 6 7 MAYOR HARRIS: I would like a copy of the design views. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON KING: Staff will get that to 10 you. 11 To the public, as you see, it's our 12 job to, at some point, make a single united recommendation to the state of what we'd like the 13 14 bridge to be. And so we are ever expanding our 15 options, and we need to now begin to limit them. 16 We are committed to maintaining the 17 ambitious schedule that we have, and we will be 18 coming together with the final decision on July the 19 16th. So we hope that you will fully participate up 20 to that point. 21 And understand that, because of the 22 safety considerations which are very real for the 23 people of our region, we will need to move 24 expeditiously and will not be continuing public input

after we make that final decision. So please get all

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of the information in, that you can, prior to that time.

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And we have very interesting and new ways for you to do that, which you will now hear from Dennis Mulligan from Caltrans. He's the deputy district director. And he'll show you a video on four of the bridge design alternatives that have been studied to date.

Dennis will also show us a special simulation of three of the designs developed by some high tech firms in Silicon Valley, at the request of State Senator Bill Lockyer. And I believe when you look at those -- and they are also on the internet -- you will have an enhanced opinion of how you might like to see this bridge look.

And if you have an opportunity to do
that from your own computers, or if you have an
opinion tonight, please call in and voice that
opinion. My opinion changed radically after having
sort of lived the experience through high technology.

Before I continue -- or Dennis

continues with his presentation, I want to remind the

speakers to please fill out one of the

request-to-speak forms available on the table in the

back and hand them to one of the MTC staff people.

And when you speak, you will have an opportunity to speak for three minutes, please speak directly into the mike and give your name, address, and spell your name, because all of these comments are being recorded and will be shared with others.

MR. MULLIGAN: Thank you, Madame Chair.

PRESENTATION BY DENNIS MULLIGAN

MR. MULLIGAN: First we'll show you a brief presentation that highlights some of the issues associated with the new East Bay span. For your convenience, we have a handout that was available when you came in. So it's not necessary to break down all the cost figures. It contains all the cost figures as part of the presentation.

(Videotape shown.)

We'll do our next presentation sans music. Before we get to that, I would like to highlight one thing.

The cost estimate for the west span is 391 million dollars. That covers the west suspension spans, and it also covers the ramps and west approach into San Francisco from 5th Street back to the anchorage. That includes all the ramps leading up to the Transbay Terminal, but it does not include the

1 Transbay Terminal building itself. Stuart Sunshine 2 will be doing a presentation a little later.

With that, I would like to introduce Greg Bayol, who will walk you through a computer simulation prepared by Coryphaeus and Silicon Graphics.

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PRESENTATION BY GREG BAYOL

MR. BAYOL: This is going to last some time, so I can get into this fairly slowly. I hope Even as close as this is, the image you can see it. is pretty dim.

(Videotape shown.)

But when Caltrans notified us that they were considering a replacement bridge to the east span, I was contacted by Coryphaeus Software and offered an opportunity to have them prepare, at their cost, an urban simulation, which this is a videotape of a real-time simulation of traveling around and 20 looking at, from a distance, various types of bridge.

At that time we were looking at -things are happening very quickly here, as you may have noticed, and as the new -- as we got new information, it was incorporated into this as quickly as we could do so. And we hope to be adding more

information, to make this more representative of where we are, at a future date.

With any large public works project, it's really valuable to be able to know what it's going to look like when it gets completed. When the Bay Bridge was being conceived, there was a model made and on display at the Ferry Building many months before construction. And it was a detailed model. We had it up to just a few years ago. We lost it in a fire. But it was an incredibly detailed model.

One of the important aspects of this simulation is the setting, the accuracy of the setting. All of the elevations of Mt. Tamalpais there and Angel Island and Yerba Buena Island are accurate from satellite data that was input into this. The elevation of the bridge is accurate.

As you're in the images where you're traveling across the bridge, the rails are accurate. So, you know, the view you're going to get, if this bridge is built, is accurate. There is a -- later on in this simulation you're actually placed in an automobile. The height of the car is accurate. Everything is accurate. But most of the very important issues are covered.

CHAIRPERSON KING: But there is no traffic

on the bridge. (Laughter.)

MR. BAYOL: Unless something happens between now and 2004 -- I mean this is not an engineering document, so to speak. It really addresses how you feel about the bridge. It's a more of an aesthetic. It can be done extremely accurately. At this point, of course, it couldn't be, given the short time that they had to work with it. But the lane widths are correct, like I say, and the rails.

But when you're building something that is so imposing and enduring, the size and appearance of it is extremely important. And especially when you are replacing a bridge that is a landmark on the bay, we want whatever you're replacing it with to be up to that role, one of the most beautiful urban settings in the world.

We're viewing this from various vantage points. This is a location on the water or, I guess, on the outer part of Treasure Island, or right on the water.

This is a viaduct and single tower cable-stay.

This would be the view from the Oakland side looking towards San Francisco. And you

can see, as we recycle through the bridge -- it's kind of difficult to see, but you can see the towers of the suspension portion of the bridge on the other side of the Yerba Buena Island and Golden Gate Bridge to the right.

This is a view from just west of Angel Island, from the Richardson's Bay area. It's one of the parts of the bay that has a view of the entire bridge, so it's important how the bridge appears from this location.

Now we're as though we're in a car.

The car is traveling 50 miles an hour speed limit.

We are cycling through the various designs that we have gotten to this point. Turning back, looking to see.

VOICE FROM THE AUDIENCE: This is all one design, right? It appears the same.

MR. BAYOL: The general design of the tower is, yes, more or less the same. It's just -- the scope is the same. The people who are doing this had no other details to work with. We would hope to have those more accurate in the future.

It's really too bad it's dim, because you really get a good feeling of what the view would be like. But you don't get to that when you're on the

lower deck, going toward the east bay. You don't see the hills like this.

Now we're heading back in the other direction. This just demonstrates all simulations put together.

An important thing to notice at this point is the change of the view you get of San Francisco, with the bridge to the north, and then from the east side of Yerba Buena Island you get a much more expanded view of downtown San Francisco.

This is a very important part to watch because you really get a sense of what it would feel like to not have any superstructure above the road, or not have a bridge underneath you, either.

(Laughter.) The advantage of this is the ability to view this from just about any advantage point.

The most difficult part of the simulation is actually completing the setting. As we get it more refined, we would hope to not only make the bridge more accurate, but also we could change and include other designs. We have been told that could take anywhere from two days to a week to complete a new design simulation.

Okay. This goes on for quite a while, but I think we have seen most of the views. Thank

you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

You will be able to call this up on the net. And as we get to some different designs and start to limit those, we would hope to be able to create another simulation so people can have a chance to vote. It's a wonderful way to have public participation in a way that we haven't had before.

In the beginning of our deliberations, we were requested, specifically by Commissioner Jon Rubin, to make sure that issues related to the Transbay Terminal in San Francisco were considered. We also received that request from the AC Transit board.

Now I'd like to introduce to you

Stuart Sunshine, from the office of San Francisco

Mayor Willie Brown, to discuss issues related to that subject.

PRESENTATION BY STUART SUNSHINE

MR. SUNSHINE: Thank you, Madame Chair.

For the record, Stuart Sunshine, representing Mayor

Brown's office.

The issue of looking at the Bay Bridge, not only the eastern span but the bridge in

totality, is important to us. Improvements to the entire Bay Bridge corridor will ease the impact and congestion of the east span.

I have been asked by this design panel to give a brief presentation on the Transbay Terminal problems in San Francisco.

As you know, the Transbay Terminal is owned and operated by Caltrans. The terminal has been part of the bridge since its inception in the late 1930s. Caltrans approached the City, indicating they have health and safety problems with the terminal and associated dedicated ramps leading to and from the Bay Bridge.

The City, working with the regional transit operations and MTC and Caltrans has developed a solution for Caltrans which would replace the antiquated terminal on state-owned land once occupied by the elevated highway ramps. The City is moving forward with the project planning and is expecting a more detailed design and environmental review and exploration of the ownership opportunities and funding scenarios.

San Francisco is financially willing to participate in a program. However, we view the terminal as part of the bridge and an important

regional facility. We are not prepared to go into

As I indicated, the terminal has been historically linked to the bridge and bridge building and ramps, which help to provide a regional transit service along the transbay corridor. We believe that the ramps should be designed and retrofit at the same time as the western approach ramps are being designed and retrofitted. There is also an opportunity to continue to link the new terminal to the bridge as well as its funding because they are functionally related.

At this time I would like to ask the City staff to briefly walk you through the terminal design concept. I'm going to turn it over to Larry Bradner, who is the project manager with the City Planning Department, and Bill Carney, who is project manager for the Redevelopment Agency.

PRESENTATION BY LARRY BRADNER

MR. BRADNER: I'm Larry Bradner, with the San Francisco Planning Department. Thank you for this opportunity.

I'd like to first point out and orient you on this map. In the yellow, you can see the

existing terminal, which was built as part of the Bay Bridge. In the orange is the proposed Main/Beale entrance, the Main/Beale south of Howard and north of Folsom Street.

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The terminal is a regional transit

facility, serving AC Transit, Greyhound, Golden Gate,
and SamTrans. So it does serve the entire region.

This terminal serves the entire Bay Area and should
be incorporated as part of the existing Bay Bridge or
proposed replacement.

A new terminal will improve transit efficiency and increase capacity for the Bay Bridge and all routes, both transit and auto uses. The new plan will separate auto traffic on First and Fremont from surface bus transit, thereby improving access to the Bay Bridge for autos and for surface transit and regional transit providers.

With that, I would like to explain and go through the alternative very briefly. This is the ground floor of the facility. You can see at the top Howard Street, Main, Folsom, and Beale. On the ground floor would be a local transit facility serving Muni, surrounded by retail and lobby linking it to a second level. So this would be a pleasant facility from the street level.

On the right you can see the upper deck, with the direct connection to the Bay Bridge.

This would serve AC Transit and Greyhound. There would be approximately 17 bays for AC Transit and 11 for Greyhound, meeting the local regional needs. In the future, this terminal could be expanded either by adding a second deck above this deck or by moving Greyhound to the surface terminal and improving -- adding five bus bays for AC Transit.

With that, I would like to turn it over to Bill Carney.

STATEMENT BY BILL CARNEY

MR. CARNEY: I'm Bill Carney, representing the Redevelopment Agency of San Francisco.

As Larry described, we have here a workable solution to the severe seismic and other problems of the current Transbay Terminal. This is a solution that works for the transit operators because it's grown out of a long process of detailed discussions with the transit operators about their operational needs. It also works for the City because it allows development of a very dense but highly human urban district founded on good transit access.

The west end of the Bay Bridge forms one of the most dramatic entrances to one of the most beautiful cities in the world. We're ready to make sure that the new Transbay Terminal is a fitting part of that experience, the state-of-the-art transit gateway to a revitalized gateway district of San Francisco. We look forward to working with you to capture this historic opportunity.

MR. SUNSHINE: Madame Chair, we are available for questions regarding this project.

I would like to point out that what Mr. Mulligan said regarding the western approach ramps is important. We view the ramps -- the coordination of the ramp with the City and its ramps to be vital. We also are expecting to work with you regarding the ramps leading to and from Yerba Buena Island and Treasure Island. As Mr. Mulligan pointed out, that is being turned over to the City even as we speak here. The transition is now done.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Commissioner Siracusa.

MR. SIRACUSA: We at MTC are interested in stimulating ridership. You mentioned AC and Greyhound, but there was no mention of Muni and SamTrans. We want to get people up and down the Peninsula to get across the bay. How do you answer

that?

Commissioner, when we started this program we did sit down with all the transit providers that used the facility as well as those who passed through the facility, and those two stood in front, which is SamTrans and Muni.

In fact, this design has relocated them from the foot of Mission Street and invited them into the facility. They will be on the bottom floor, while AC Transit is on the top floor. One of the goals was to free up the Mission Street corridor for both Muni and SamTrans.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Any more questions?

MR. RUBIN: I just want to say that it is important to remember that transit is transit for this bridge. And this terminal is intrinsic to transit, and always has been. I think it's important to keep it attractive.

CHAIRPERSON KING: STUART, I have some questions that were submitted to me by John Woodberry of AC Transit. I would like to give them to you and ask if you would respond to him in writing.

MR. SUNSHINE: I would be happy to do so.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. Okay.

MAYOR HARRIS: I just wanted to ask San

Francisco, either officially or through the representative of the Mayor, does the Mayor have any position on other aspects of utility on the bridge, the retrofit to the bridge?

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Because you're viewing minimal changes to it doesn't seem to offer any opportunities for any other creative use of the bridge, i.e. pedestrian or bikeways, those kinds of things. I was wondering whether or not San Francisco has a position on that at all.

MR. SUNSHINE: Not at this point. The Mayor was planning to be here. But, of course, I am attending and speaking for him. But we do plan on observing this process and working with you throughout. If we do take a position, we will let you know.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Now it's our turn to here from you. I have a number of comment cards.

And I would like to ask you to please step up to the mike as I call your name, to restate your name so the court reporter can record it correctly, and spell it if it's a difficult name.

We have a lot of cards. I would ask people to please be concise in their comments and try not to be redundant. If you can associate yourself

with a former speaker's comments rather than going through the entire presentation, if it's similar, we would appreciate that very much, in the spirit of the time we have.

STATEMENT BY STEVE STANLEY

MR. STANLEY: Thank you, Madame Chairman.

My name is Steve Stanley. I'm a resident of Berkeley. I'm here as a member of the East Bay Bicycle Coalition and also the Bicycle Friendly Berkeley Coalition, whose T-shirt I'm wearing.

I'm here to speak for access for pedestrians, wheelchair users, and bicyclists for the entire Bay Bridge.

As I thought on this, the one thing that stands out to me is that this is the one chance we get to build this bridge for a bridge that our children are going to use and their children and their children after that. And I would really be proud to know that we have been forward looking enough to build it right and make it accessible for more than just automobiles. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

MR. STANLEY: Oh. And I would like to

share my time, too, with my friend, Pamela Dahl. 1 She is also a resident of Berkeley. 2 3 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 4 5 STATEMENT BY PAMELA DAHL 6 MS. DAHL: Thank you. I agree with Steve. 7 We need (unintelligible) that is wheelchair accessible. (Unintelligible) as we become more and 8 more aware of environmental concerns, we will need to 9 10 (unintelligible) of clean transportation. I also speak highly of (unintelligible) the higher span ADA 11 accessible. Thank you. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. Hassan. Astanaeh, followed by Gary Black. 14 15 EQUIPMENT TECHNICIAN: They've just turned 16 the lights on, and now I've got to tell security. That might take two minutes. 17 CHAIRPERSON KING: We'll take two minutes 18 19 while we take another speaker. I'll ask for Eugene 20 Phillips to come up. Eugene Phillips, followed by Michael T. Brink. 21 22 23 STATEMENT BY EUGENE PHILLIPS

MY PHILLIPS: My name is Eugene Phillips.

I live in San Francisco, 218 Ellsworth Street.

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1	Like everyone else, I couldn't resist
2	drawing my own bridge design. What I really want to
3	to explore was another retrofit option. And what I'm
4	proposing is a cable-stabilized system to lace all
5	the decks of the existing bridge together, so in case
6	of an earthquake, there is a real flexibility, but we
7	don't have a problem with the deck elements dropping
8	away. Also, I have drawn in an overall stabilization
9	system to maybe keep the towers from swaying too much
10	and providing too many loads.
11	So I have a drawing here which I would
12	like to submit. It's really the existing bridge with
13	a cable system. And there is another detail. I drew
14	how a cable could lace through the existing
15	structure.
16	So I would like to submit this as a

So I would like to submit this as a variation of a retrofit system. And, hopefully, other people will have other variations.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you very much. Caltrans will take your drawings.

STATEMENT BY MIKE KIESLING

MR. KIESLING: Good evening. I'm Mike Kiesling, K-i-e-s-l-i-n-g.

I'm here to support, first, your idea

that has been mentioned, that the Bay Bridge was built as a multi-modal facility. When it was originally built, it had nine lanes for traffic, two lanes for rail. When it was retrofitted in the '50s, an extra lane was gained and split five and five. From that time, the tolls from the Bay Bridge were used for the construction of the BART tube.

and additional options for a new bridge, it's very important to consider capacity for the future through the inclusion and beginning of a new bus lane to speed more transit back and forth across the bridge. This is probably the most cost-effective way to add capacity between the East Bay and the West Bay and without looking at the horizon for another bridge or another BART tube.

The second issue, I would like to speak along with the idea that the Transbay Terminal, where this transit would be coming into the City, also needs to be carefully considered, and I'd like you to, in your deliberations, look at the option that is also being explored for building a new terminal at the site of the existing Transbay Terminal, which is closer to downtown San Francisco.

I have some drawings that I would like

to submit here. I have done some extensive work originally with the Caltrans extension plan, and a lot of the information that I originally developed for that is being used to plan the extension of CalTrain at the existing Transbay Terminal site.

So I think it's important, throughout your deliberations, that you also seriously consider not only the option for the Main/Beale terminal, which would be south of Howard Street, but also for rebuilding in conjunction with CalTrain at the Transbay Terminal site. There is the information.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you for coming forward. The person I actually called was Michael T. Brink.

MR. KIESLING: Sorry.

STATEMENT BY MICHAEL T. BRINK

MR. BRINK: Thank you, Madame Chairperson and members.

One quick observation. I think when the time comes to discuss the replacement of the western suspension spans on the Golden Gate Bridge, for that matter, and certainly we'll be discussing the modern material, modern design bridge, which

looks very much like the original. And I don't think it's too early to consider this here.

This is a possible supplemental proposal. The total irrevocable loss of half of this historic structure might not be necessary. Indeed, it is the ultimate fate of these Eiffel Towers of the East Bay waterfront we are here to examine.

Whatever mishmash of designs one may see them to be, so are the Paris and New York skylines, and so is the San-Francisco Bay skyline, in so many variations of type and degree. If not a modern replacement bridge identical, but at least similar, to the appearance to the original Bay Bridge, here is another approach.

What do we have here? A never again, large, manmade landfill island in the middle of the bay, connected to San Francisco to the west by the greatest support tower suspension bridge in the world, but with only one very unsafe lane of access to the east of Yerba Buena, the Oakland side of the Bay Bridge, the now beautifully lit art deco erector set necklace of a formerly most functional double decked rail and auto causeway.

Proposal: One, construct a new 10, 20 lane causeway north or south of the existing

structure. Two, remove the entire upper and lower decks of the old East Bay half of the Bay Bridge.

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Three, take ultralight open-air streetcars from the East Bay on the then single new deck old bridge to a more or less correctly restored 1939-1940 Treasure Island. Only a couple of limited access traffic lanes, and these would double for emergency purposes. And from the outer railing inward on both sides bench, sidewalk, skating and bicycle lanes. The old bridge could prove to be a quite savable Atlantic City or Santa Monica style light rail, pedestrian, roller skating, and bicycle promenade extending from the East Bay waterfront all the way to Treasure Island.

San Francisco-bound bicycle commuters from the East Bay could take a handful of Treasure Island and San Francisco ferries with a final leg if access to the western spans of the Bay Bridge is impossible. This is heartening to see that there is a proposal to connect the bicycle lane all the way through.

The potential here with the old bridge is for the sudden establishment of an enormous, very real alternative access beyond any of our wildest dreams. In keeping pedestrian, bicycle, and light

rail access open throughout could in no possible way be seen to impede any other development. On the contrary.

Four, in the middle of the original
Treasure Island airfield, never constructed, a broad
non-structural multi-use art deco arena for your
Giants, 49ers, Olympic venues, whatever. Open space,
music, picnics.

Questions? Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you very much. Are we ready for the slides now?

If you don't want to start now, we can go on with others.

PROFESSOR ASTANEH: The only thing is, we need to turn off the lights, or dim the lights.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Okay. Let's take Edward Howden. And after Mr. Howden, Dante Rodriguez.

STATEMENT BY EDWARD HOWDEN

MR. HOWDEN: I'm Edward Howden, 191 Upper Terrace, San Francisco, retired former civil rights activist, administrator, and federal mediator of racial ethnic conflicts.

I rise mainly to endorse, as strongly as I possibly can, the proposals for a pedestrian,

bikeway, and wheelchair access path across the bridge all the way.

I'm sure you are well aware that bicycle ridership is increasing all the time, and one of the few things holding it back is the lack of adequate facilities and pathways. This would be a crucial thing to pass up this kind of opportunity.

As the vice-mayor of Emeryville has said in a handout that I picked up just this evening -- and perhaps he will be speaking to you later -- this is an opportunity of a century. And it is simply unthinkable that this kind of path should not be included in this plan; healthful not only for those who ride, but for all the rest of us -- which I do some -- but for all the rest of the population in terms of minimal and no pollution caused by that kind of transportation.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. (Applause.)

STATEMENT BY DANTE RODRIGUEZ

MR. DANTE: In three minutes or fewer, I would like to introduce myself, tell you why I, speaking for thousands of bicyclists and citizens across the East Bay and San Francisco, want you, our public servants, to use our public money to build

included in the Bay Bridge design the bike path all the way from Oakland to San Francisco.

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My name is Dante Rodriguez, and I've been a citizen of the Bay Area all my life. Two years in Berkeley, about 23 years in Oakland, and about six years at Stanford.

During my six years at Stanford, I discovered the Dumbarton Bridge has a bike path. And ever since I discovered that, I would always use that bike path to ride home for the weekend or for holidays from Stanford over to the BART station in Union City. It's a beautiful ride. And riding long distances makes you feel just wonderful. And I really got into biking. And I'm not alone.

Thousands and thousands of citizens across the Bay Area also enjoy biking. And any day of the week, any daylight hour, just look at the Golden Gate Bridge, and you can see how popular a form of transportation biking is.

I currently live in Oakland and work in San Francisco and would love nothing more than to bike to work every day, which I would do. I have enjoyed commuting on my bike when I have jobs in Oakland. And currently I use public transportation. But this would be just the most outstanding way to

send a message to everybody in the Bay Area that this is something that we encourage and that we want to spend our money on.

The time is most opportune right now to take advantage of the changing designs and new construction of the bridge, to put in this bike lane. We have heard from Caltrans that the original design of the western span already had strength enough to carry trains. Certainly it will -- the design is viable to include the bike path over there, as well as to include it in the eastern span.

Basically, that's what we want to have our public money spent on. And by doing this, we would be encouraging all Bay Area residents to use non-polluting, healthy forms of transportation. And we would be sending the message to the whole world that we are in the forefront of promoting this sort of activity. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Mike Levin. Conrad Oho.

STATEMENT BY MICHAEL LEVIN

MR. LEVIN: Thank you, members of the Commission.

My name is Michael Levin. I'm a lifelong

resident of San Francisco. And I don't expect to be able to attend future meetings, so I hope you'll take what I have to say very seriously, as everyone else here.

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First of all, I want to express my view that there are two misguided ideas that I have seen come up ever since the discussion began of building a new eastern span. First that the existing eastern span, the cantilever bridge, is ugly and that Oakland, poor Oakland, got the ugly bridge and San Francisco got the beautiful bridge.

I consider the cantilever to be as beautiful in its own way as the much admired suspension spans, the Golden Gate and the San Francisco/Oakland Bay Bridge.

architect, but I think I have some common sense views of aesthetics. And I admire the work of engineers. Even when it's not intended to be aesthetic, it often comes out that way. And that's how I feel about that cantilever bridge and others like it. So I don't think we should call it ugly.

When I was a young child riding in my parents' car, looking up through the windshield, I was fascinated by the way the girders appeared as you

ride along.

view on that, who feels that that bridge is ugly.

It's not. That doesn't mean it belongs everywhere,
but it's beautiful where it is. I'm not saying that
you should keep that and retrofit it. If the cost of
the new bridge isn't that much more and would have
other advantages, I'm certainly open to that
suggestion.

it, is that any tower on a new bridge is better than no towers at all. Just because the Golden Gate Bridge has beautiful towers, and the San Francisco/Oakland Bay Bridge suspension span towers are much admired, that doesn't mean we have to have towers on a new bridge.

that you have got to have towers. It's not going to look like the suspension span of the Bay Bridge, it's not going to be the same. It will block views, in my opinion, and especially because the new bridge, if it's built, would be extremly wide. Instead of two levels, it's going to have both directions on one level, five 12-foot lanes each way. And especially that twin tower design, such as the one in the

simulation, will even emphasize the width even more, 1 these massive, very wide towers. It's not going to 2 3 be like the suspension bridges that we love so much. So no offense to the engineers who 4 5 designed those towers, but none of the towers that I 6 see on display, to me, are worth having if they are 7 not really needed. Why build the towers if you don't need them? 8 The only advantage I can see of having 9 10 the towers is the cable-stay portions of the bridge 11 would not require piers on the water. So you'll have a few less piers between the water and the bridge. 12 13 But is that a reason to have these huge monumental towers which are not like the towers of the old type 14 15 of bridge? 16 So please consider this carefully, the simple design, the skyway design, as it's called. 17 18 The arch design is interesting. Don't go for the 19 towers if we don't really need them. Thank you. 20 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. And beauty 21 certainly is in the eyes of the beholder. 22 I think we're ready for the professors 23 to come forward now. 24 1 1 1 1 ... 25

STATEMENT BY HASSAN ASTANEH

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MR. ASTANEH: Madame Chairman, honorable members of the Bay Bridge Design Task Force, we are very honored to be here, to take our three minutes, and show you our design, proposed design, for the east span of the Bay Bridge.

(Slide presentation shown.)

This is our bridge. Professor Gary

Black, who will follow me, he will talk about the

architectural aspects and other non-engineering

aspects of the bridge. And I will give you just the

brief introduction into what our bridge is. So I'll

talk about the structural and engineering aspects of

it.

I have been with the East Bay Bridge for seven or eight years, working with Caltrans, doing research, developing a number of project information on retrofit. This is us on the cable suspension part of the Bay Bridge.

With any bridge like this, you have to really pay attention to your instincts as far as soil. In our bridge, the tower is built on the rock.

The reason for a tower is, of course, because we have the channel that is right inside
Yerba Buena Island. At this part of the bay, you

cannot put any span, you cannot put any pier to come out to here, so you need a really long span. And for that reason, you need a tower.

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Our tower is in the rock. It makes it very, very well behaved for seismic activity.

Extremely low seismic activity on our bridge.

And as far as the structure of the bridge, we are promoting the use of steel, steel, steel, and steel because it is ductile. Any time we have any structures survive the earthquakes, if you looked at it carefully, even the reinforced concrete structure, it has steel in it.

You have to be able to bend, you have to be able to really twist the structure without breaking it. For that reason, our bridge is a steel structure.

And one item that I want to show you is, this is part of Kobe, the expressway that collapsed. This is concrete part. And right here it stopped, and you don't see any collapse here. The reason is that it's steel. This is called in Japan an elegant bridge. This is in Kobe. Cable-stay bridge, extremely elegant bridge. Almost no damage. For that reason, we are planning to have our steel bridge.

This is just a straight bridge. This is not our bridge. But this shows pretty much computer analysis that this straight bridge doesn't do well.

But in our bridge, our bridge does extremely well under seismic activity. It's very graceful motion, it's very gentle motion.

And one thing that you might have read in the newspapers about our bridge, because of slope of tower, when the bridge deck goes down, the tower goes up and pulls it up. When the bridge deck goes up, the tower comes down and balances it.

With that, I will yield the microphone to my colleague, Professor Gary Black, to give you the information on the architecture.

STATEMENT BY R. GARY BLACK

PROFESSOR BLACK: Yes. Professor R. Gary Black, from the University of California Berkeley, professor in the school of architecture, and the architect half of this design team.

I have conceived of a -- the original concept is a curved bridge in the plan, sweeping deck, with a single great tower, supporting a roadbed with a layout of cable that basically pulls it back

like a series of reins. And we would like to now 1 2 show you a video that we have made of the bridge. 3 The view of the new East Bay Bridge, 4 this view from Oakland and the East Bay, it will do 5 what the Golden Gate does for San Francisco. And we 6 present this design as a symbol of who we are on the 7 verge of the 24st century, as a reflection of our highest technology, as a landmark befitting the Bay 8 Area and as a gateway into Oakland, a new land. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. That was 11 great. 12 I think we also have some visuals with 13 Mr. Dong. Mr. Dong? 14 15 (Comments off the record. Setting up 16 overhead projector.) 17 CHAIRPERSON KING: Maybe we can hear 18 from Conrad Oho while they work it out. 19 20 STATEMENT BY CONRAD OHO 21 MR. OHO: Hello. My name is Conrad Oho. 22 I'm a resident of Marin County, Corte Madera. And 23 about five years ago I gave up use of a car completely, and I have been getting around completely 24

by bicycle and public transit ever since.

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1	I feel very strongly that people who
2	take the choice to reduce their contribution,
3	personal contribution, to pollution and congestion in
4	the Bay Area should be supported and encouraged by
5	the public officials. This is an extremely important
6	issue.
7	Caltrans presently has what I consider
8	a quite hostile position towards the general use of
9	bicycles as transportation. And I think they should
10	be reprimanded, and they should be actively
11	encouraged to include bicycle usage in all public
12	roadway facilities, including especially the critical
13	links, the bridge links across the bay, where there
14	is no reasonable alternative.
15	Thank you very much.
16	CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you very much.
17	Doug Faunt.
18	MR. HEMINGER: The projector isn't going to
19	work. He can just
20	CHAIRPERSON KING: Go ahead, Professor
21	Dong.
22	
23	STATEMENT BY XUE, ZHEN DONG
24	PROFESSOR HSUE: I'm sorry, but my
25	projector may be damaged.

Madame Chairman, Mary King, and group,

I am Xue, Zhen Dong, senior structural engineer.

Based upon two special cautions for structural analysis of cable-stay bridge and other kinds of bridge with large span in high seismic region such as the San Francisco Bay area, I had raised up in last two public meetings held by Caltrans and MTC.

In view of such cautions, we'll present our design alternative for new bridge for east span of the San Francisco/Oakland Bay Bridge.

This design alternative or conceptual design option is designed by Professor Hsue, Chentung, American consultant, bridge mechanic group, and reviewed by Professor Zhong Wanxie, expert of bridge engineering, bridge mechanics group, SKLESA PRC, member of Academy of Science PRC. Also reviewed by Full Professor Lin, Jiahao, who established the PEM of linear random vibration structural analysis, bridge mechanics group, SKLESA, PRC, State Key Laboratory of Engineering Structural Analysis people.

Single A-shaped tower, steel,

3-dimension cable-stay bridge and R.C. arch bridge
composited structural system symmetrically spanned

1400 feet the waterway to Oakland harbor. The 3-D

cable-stayed on the bridge deck structure would help under high seismic excitations as well as gust, heavy wind. The single tower would be sunk into the bedrock of Yerba Buena Island.

The third feature. Composited structural system with two kinds of bridge, each has its own point.

Cable-stay bridge --

CHAIRPERSON KING: Mr. Dong, your time really has expired. But what I want to let the audience know is that you will be presenting at the workshop. And we think you have done a lovely job.

PROFESSOR HSUE: Yes, I will be presenting next week and will go into further.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Yes, you'll have more time at the workshop. Thank you very much for your hard work on this.

Mr. Doug Faunt. I want to caution others, because we have so many speakers, if you can shorten your time, if possible, and not be duplicative, it will be helpful. Because I have already lost two of my members, and I can't make this decision by myself.

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STATEMENT BY DOUG FAUNT

MR. FAUNT: I'm Doug Faunt. I'm from Oakland, California. Obviously, I'm a bicyclist.

I want to encourage you to provide bicycle access for all the reasons that have been presented earlier, at earlier meetings, and at this one. And I just would like to say, we're very concerned with aesthetics of this bridge and the aesthetics of the view from it. Let's provide the opportunity for people to be able to see it for a significant period of time: rather than at 50 miles an hour, 10.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Jeffrey Heller. Following Mr. Heller, John Ringwater.

STATEMENT BY JEFFREY HELLER

MR. HELLER: Commissioners, I'm Jeffrey
Heller. I'm on your design review advisory panel. I
represent the American Institute of Architects, the
San Francisco and Oakland Museums, Structural
Engineers Association of California, and the Oakland
Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce, as well as others.

Our concern, of course, and it is

shared by many, is that this bridge be a bridge of excellent design. And we believe, of course, that good design does not cost any more. And we also believe that good design does not take any more time.

As a matter of fact, as far as the issue of time goes, there is some concern about the time frame that we are working under right now, and that with the whole process of a few years of environmental analysis, that certainly the time should be taken to do the design phase correctly.

I think it's very important that people are clear on the fact that the designs they see here today are only some of the designs, many more of which will be reviewed next week at the workshop, to which the public is invited. And I believe you mentioned that. And the process will then go into an evaluation process that will go on for at least a month.

The Oakland Museum has volunteered to exhibit the work that is shown at the workshop next Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, for the period in between that and the decision period, so that the public can see fully all of the submittals.

We understand that we will have some additional experts joining us. And we want to make

sure that Caltrans has done everything they can to 1 bring the international experts to the table, because 2 3 our group wants to be very sure that at the end of this, we do get the fine array of options and a good 4 design. And certainly, if we did not feel that we 5 got that coming out of this process, we would ask this Commission for more time, to extend that period. 8 But on the other hand, I do believe 9 that we entered this workshop with optimism, that 10 everybody has worked hard to bring the right people to the table, and we look forward to that. 11 12 And finally I would say that, many of 13 the comments that have been mentioned here today, including the advocacy for bicycles, the harmony of 14 this structure with the Bay Bridge primary structure 15 16 on the west span, the way the bridge relates to the bay, and the way people will view the bay from the 17 18 bridge are all very important things, both to me personally and to our group. 19 20 Thank you very much. 21 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. Jon Rainwater. Following him, Mark 22 23 Stout. 24

25 / / / /

STATEMENT BY JON RAINWATER

MR. RAINWATER: Thank you, members of the Commission. My name is Jon Rainwater, spelled J-o-n Rainwater. I'm the president of the San Francisco League of Conservation Voters and would like to address some of our environmental concerns surrounding the bridge.

We really feel that environmental concerns should share with issues of seismic safety and cost and aesthetic concerns as primary concerns in looking at the Bay Bridge. Like seismic concerns, environmental concerns, many of them have serious human health consequences when it comes to air pollution. And those should not be forgotten. Those are life and death issues, just like seismic safety is.

There are environmental concerns surrounding the structure of the bridge. Some of those are addressed in the design criteria, like dredging and concerns around wildlife and wildlife habitat. We're also concerned about polluted runoff going into the bay. The new bridge design provides an opportunity to deal with some of those issues, and we hope that that will become part of the design criteria.

We're also concerned with the replacement option. What do we do with the old bridge? That's an environmental concern in terms of demolition and disposal that we think should be part of the design criteria.

At the center of this is transit.

Transit -- the bridge is not just a structure from one side of the bay to the other. The bridge is the linchpin of regional transit, and we think that should be the center, particularly because of the pollution concerns. And that's why we feel that rail options need to be preserved. We have rail options with the current bridge. If there is a new bridge, if anything, rail options should increase, not decrease.

We're not saying you have to build rail tracks across the new bridge right away. We're just saying, you need to preserve those options.

We also, of course, support bicycle and pedestrian traffic across the bridge. That's very important. That's the most environmentally sound way to get across the bridge. And we also support looking at dedicated bus lines for the bridge. BART and the Bay Bridge are really reaching capacity, and we need to look at other options for

1 moving people across the bay. 2 Finally, with financing, we think this 3 is a good time to bring up other ways of financing, 4 including congestion pricing. That's a sound - 5 economic solution, and it's a sound environmental solution. 6 7 And with regards to the Transbay 8 Terminal, we agree with the City that that should be 9 part of the financing. One disagreement we have with 10 some folks in the City is the location of the Transbay Terminal. We believe it should be at the 11 12 current site, so it can be worked at the same site 13 with the CalTrain. 14 So those are some of the environmental 15 concerns we have. And we hope those will be 16 integrated into the design criteria. 17 Thank you very much. 18 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 19 20 STATEMENT BY MARK STOUT 21 MR. STOUT: Hello. My name is Mark Stout, 22 Madame Chair, and other members of the design team. 23 That's S-t-o-u-t. And I live at 178 Sandover Street 24 in San Francisco.

I'm a member of the San Francisco

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Bicycle Coalition. And I'd like just to add weight to what the previous speakers said regarding making sure this is truly a multi-modal bridge. It should definitely have bicycle and pedestrian access as well as, I'd like to see priority transit access on the bridge.

If we're going to move towards a truly sustainable transportation future, we need to get out of thinking that cars have priority everywhere.

One point that hasn't been brought up is just the point about equity. As a non-car owner -- I sold my car two years ago -- I can say that car owners tend to have have a lot of autonomy and with a lot of freedom about when and where they can go.

Whereas, people that don't have cars oftentimes have those options taken away from them.

So if bicycle and pedestrian access is not included as part of the package of the bridge, you're taking away from a significant portion of the population the freedom of making decisions about when they would like to cross the bay.

And I just want to -- in closing, I hope an EIR is being done for this project. And I would hope that EIR would include not only the direct impact of the construction of the bridge, but also

the indirect impacts that would come from different modal splits that might result from different features put on the bridge. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Robert Pratt. Following Mr. Pratt,

Jerry Brace.

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STATEMENT BY ROBERT PRATT

MR. PRATT: Good evening. I'm Robert I'm a California bicycle advocate. I want to also encourage consideration for full bicycle access between the two cities. I think that the bicycle transportation in the Bay Area is growing, especially in the East Bay. There are a lot of people who want to get into San Francisco, who can't use BART during commuter hours because it's restricted. Especially coming out of San Francisco, you're not allowed to take a bicycle on a BART train during commuter hours. I'll also point out again that there are approximately half a million bicycle trips currently going on on the Golden Gate Bridge. with the population of the East Bay, it's realistic to think that possibly somewhere between two million

and five million annual bicycle trips could occur if

bicycle access is provided.

1	Also, another consideration is the
2	Treasure Island development. Both areas from the
3	west and the east will want to access them, and that
4	would be a reasonable way. It would be a short trip
5	from San Francisco over to Treasure Island via
6	bicycle. And that would make it a practical
7	proposition and, I think, a high use activity.
8	Otherwise, hopefully, you'll give
9	serious consideration to the fact there is lots of
0	support. We would be willing to pay a toll to help
.1	offset some of the costs. Thank you.
.2	CHAIRPERSON KING: 'Thank you.
L 3	Jerry Grace. After Mr. Grace, Scott
	Jerry Grace. After Mr. Grace, Scott
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L 4	
1.5	Mace.
1.5	Mace. STATEMENT BY JERRY GRACE
L4 L5 L6	Mace. STATEMENT BY JERRY GRACE MR. GRACE: Good morning. I mean sorry.
L4 L5 L6 L7	Mace. STATEMENT BY JERRY GRACE MR. GRACE: Good morning. I mean sorry. I don't mean to say "good morning." I mean good
14 15 16 17	Mace. STATEMENT BY JERRY GRACE MR. GRACE: Good morning. I mean sorry. I don't mean to say "good morning." I mean good evening, everybody. My name is Jerry Grace. I live
14 15 16 17 18	Mace. STATEMENT BY JERRY GRACE MR. GRACE: Good morning. I mean sorry. I don't mean to say "good morning." I mean good evening, everybody. My name is Jerry Grace. I live in East Oakland, California.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Mace. STATEMENT BY JERRY GRACE MR. GRACE: Good morning. I mean sorry. I don't mean to say "good morning." I mean good evening, everybody. My name is Jerry Grace. I live in East Oakland, California. I'm glad I'm here today for this Bay

And my question -- I don't know if the

guy is here or not. But my question was, what do I have -- I wish San Francisco Mayor Willie Brown is here. And I hope he listens to this. But I'm sorry he's not here, too. But I hope Willie Brown will have this goal to make the little path for the bike. If they do that, people will be happy, and good for the people on the bike. And if they do that, that would be great.

I'm hoping that -- my question is:

Would you have a sidewalk on the Bay Bridge? And if
it was, maybe it's a good idea to make a little path
for the bikes and people walking to the City. I hope
this is a good idea. But that was good, is to do
that, to go from this -- I can say that word -- from
there to the San Francisco, the City, and that would
really help to walk from there to there, and people
have a path to go easy.

And one other thing, last point I'm going to say was, now since San Francisco has the place, now that San Francisco bus is going down that way now, this is good. It will be walking up or down. I hope they go for the path for that.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

MR. GRACE: Thank you very much. And we'll see you again, Mary.

CHAIRPERSON KING: 1 Thank you for coming. 2 (Applause.) 3 Scott Mace. And after Mr. Mace, Jason 4 Meggs. 5 STATEMENT BY SCOTT MACE MR. SCOTT MACE: My name is Scott Mace, 7 M-a-c-e, 104 Elm Street in San Mateo. 8 -9 I echo the bike access comments, and 10 also I'd like to make one point. The key to a 11 successful proposal of bike and pedestrian facility could be how it is communicated and marketed to 12 13 In short, I think that communication to 14 drivers should be that the cyclists potentially 15 represent one less car, one less car seat. Also, it could represent one less passenger on a rush-hour 16 17 BART train or bus. 18 If this concept is communicated well, then the bike/pedestrian facility will not be 19 20 perceived on talk shows and elsewhere as merely money purportedly diverted from drivers' benefit. 21 22 drivers stand to win here, too. Thank you. 23 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. Jason Meggs. Following Jason, John 24 Sutter. 25

STATEMENT BY JASON MEGGS

MR. MEGGS: Good evening, Commission.

I'm Jason Meggs. I'm the co-founder of the Bike the

Bridge Coalition. I hope you received our newsletter
tonight.

I'm proud to announce that we've been conducting a petition of the general public, not just bicyclists, and we have tonight approximately 2,000 signatures of people saying that it's very important that a bike path be constructed, as soon as possible, all the way across the Bay Bridge.

Let's see. I'm also very glad to see a first preliminary design for a bikeway all the way across the Bay Bridge. I would ask the Commission to please ask Caltrans to look into any possibility about a north side bikeway. That would be much preferable and reduce the noise and pollution for the cyclists, and be a better view. Very important consideration.

I'm also curious -- it appears that a fitted bikeway onto the existing span is cheaper than including one in a new span, and that doesn't make sense to me. I don't know. I just would like more information on that.

Most cyclists are both motorists and

taxpayers. And it seems clear, in the economic analysis, cyclists are paying at least their fair share of a bikeway. It troubles me a bikeway is considered an additional feature. It's a very important feature of any bridge.

But the economic mandate to build a bikeway goes way beyond tax and tolls. Because Bay Area residents tend to change jobs so often, and are prohibited from bike access, many who wish to get free are incarcerated, if you will, into private motor vehicle ownership, which is, on average, about a 5,000 dollar a year burden for an individual.

Much of that 5,000 dollars goes out of the state and even out of the country, which it could be spent to invigorate the local economy.

Most of us who cannnot afford a 6 to 8 dollar roundtrip on BART -- which of course is also not 24 hour access, and it does not have commute hour bicycle access -- could then reach jobs, services, libraries, et cetera: Very valuable for helping those who are economically disadvantaged, as well as those who cannot drive, such as youth or the disabled.

Beyond that, this is also a tourist attraction, which is a boon and a big part of our

1 local economy, especially when you have Treasure 2 Island becoming part of -- I'm sorry. I'll wait. 3 CHAIRPERSON KING: You may go on, but you 4 have 40 seconds. And I want to make a sign which will remind people of the three minutes. 5 6 MR. MEGGS: -- another feature of San Francisco, a Bay Bridge bike path is vital. 7 Furthermore, the health costs of the automobile are 8 enormous, as you know. I won't go into that now. 9 10 I was one of the few people in the room who saw the presentation. I was very glad to 11 12 see it. I would say that the views appeared better from the one long overpass version. And in fact, 13 they all mostly look like one long overpass to me. I 14 would like to see it without the light in the room. 15 16 However, as far as the view of the bridge, I thought it was preferable to the two 17 cable-stay -- the two towers seems more contiquous 18 19 with the west span. 20 Once again, please ask Caltrans to 21 look into a north side bikeway. Thank you. 22 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. John Sutter. Following John Sutter is 23 24 Ms. Roberts. 25

STATEMENT BY JOHN SUTTER

MR. SUTTER: My name is John Sutter. I'm a member of the board of directors of the East Bay Regional Park District.

At its meeting this week, the day before yesterday, the board of the park district unanimously resolved to request the state to include a pedestrian and bicycle lane on the proposed new span. And the rest of the comments are my own, but they are as follows.

A bicycle lane on the new bridge would permit a great recreational experience. A view from the bridge, like that from the Golden Gate Bridge, is dramatic. This lane could connect with one around Yerba Buena and Treasure Island, providing a wonderful scene and a great tourist attraction to the Bay Area. And of course, tourism is San Francisco's number one industry. So there are economic benefits in tourism in having a bicycle and pedestrian trail.

I was encouraged to hear the Caltrans representative's comments about adding a lane to the existing bridge on the San Francisco side. But even if that isn't done, it makes sense to include a bicycle and pedestrian lane on the Oakland span.

One must take the long view. The new

bridge may last a century. But who knows how much longer the San Francisco span will last? It's already 60 years old. And most of the highway bridges of its era, the original Dumbarton, San Mateo, and Carquinez, and now apparently the Oakland side of the Bay Bridge have been or soon will be demolished.

If the new bridge on the San Francisco side is built in a decade or two, will its designers be able to complete the bicycle lane to San Francisco because today's builders had the foresight to include one on the Oakland side now? Or will they damn today's builders, and perhaps you folks on this board, for tunnel vision for having failed to do so?

Now, just two months ago, in March of this year, the state and the East Bay Regional Park District finalized the agreement with Catellus for the acquisition of the east shore state park site. The park will include a nine-mile bike trail, pedestrian/bike trail, extending from Richmond to Emeryville and along the bay, with a spur extending west parallel to the Bay Bridge, as the Caltrans representative explained. And that extends to the water's edge. A bike and walking trail should

continue from this spur onto the new Bay Bridge.

And if I could just add a few comments not as the park director but as a resident of Oakland, they are as follows.

One, please don't block the view with a railing. Too many bridges, including parts of the Bay Bridge, block the view, as you drive across, from the railing. And I would hope that's not an engineering necessity.

entrances. Entrances to cities are important. As you come across the Bay Bridge going west, the entrance is spectacular to San Francisco. As you go east, the entrance to Oakland is, shall we say, less spectacular.

There is an opportunity, it seems to me, to add an enhancement to the bridge, regardless of how the bridge itself is built, that would give a dramatic entrance to Oakland. Perhaps, for example, a large arch near the toll plaza, going over the 12 lanes of freeway or whatever it is. The arch in St. Louis is reminiscent of that idea. And there is other structural elements that could be added, that would give people a delightful experience as they drive eastbound on the Bay Bridge. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Ms. Roberts.

STATEMENT BY HEIDI ROBERTS

MS. ROBERTS: Hello. My name is Heidi Roberts. I'm a member of the Bicycle and Kids Coalition.

And basically what I want to say is that there are other travlers in the world, especially in the Bay Area. Motor vehicles totally dominate the road -- I mean, not entirely -- and like constantly have to fight, especially children, who are like beginning bicyclists. And there is all kinds of beginning bicyclists, and they are just constantly in traffic.

Organizations like Caltrans, which are a major part of, like, designing the roads and like especially freeways, where no other travelers are allowed, have not -- have incorporated some bike paths, but not very many.

But when you appeared like -- people have used it like -- a lot of people are quiet, a lot of people don't come to public hearings. But when a bike path is suggested, there are tons of people that use it, pedestrians, bicyclists, roller bladers,

which is really good.

But I feel like a section of travelers that are not allowed to voice their opinion are children, and they are unable to drive to work, play. And kids' development is directly related to kids' empowerment and directly dependent on kids' freedom of travel for a future generation and the hope of this world. I implore you to make all bridges kids' bike world.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Ben Thompson, and then Meagan Lynch.

STATEMENT BY BEN THOMPSON

MR. THOMPSON: Madame Chair and members of the Commission, my name is Ben Thompson. I live at 951 Dolores Street in San Francisco. I am a Bay Area native, and I ride my bike to work every day from Noe Valley to downtown San Francisco. I also use the bicycle shuttle that operates every day to the East Bay, and that bicycle shuttle is overcrowded every single day. There is an excess ridership for those people who can't get on the shuttle.

I would just encourage the Commissioners to study every possible use of mass

transit and non-polluting options for transbay 1 travel, and discourage single occupancy vehicles. 2 Please do not foreclose the possibilities of someday 3 4 building a rail again over the Bay Bridge by foreclosing that design option. It's not necessary 5 to build it now, but please leave the option open. 6 And I think that building a bike lane 7 is the right thing to do, and it is the chance of a 8 century, and it's just forward thinking, and it's the 9 right thing to do, bottom line. 10 And I would encourage -- Caltrans is 11 12 studying the bike lane. I would also encourage 13 Caltrans to study the option of a north bike lane on the north side of the bridge. And I'm a little 14 skeptical of their gold-plated design. I think the 15 Commissioners should get a second opinion on cost. 16 Thanks very much. 17 18 CHAIRPERSON KING: Meagan Lynch. 19 20 STATEMENT BY MEAGAN LYNCH My name is Meagan Lynch. 21 MS. LYNCH: Ι live at 4327 Salem Street in Emeryville. 22 23 I want to give you a little background as to who I am, because so many times you have the 24 public coming up to you, you don't know who they are 25

representing or what.

There is the tendency to think that bicylists who come up here to testify before commissions like this are bike nuts. I own a car.

As you can see, I've got a little bit of a gut on me. I'm not a Tour de France type rider. I have a car, and I use it sometimes. And I try to use my bike as much as I can.

This is only the third time I have ever made comments in front of a public assembly like this, because, like most of us, I don't find out about things like this until it's a done deal. So I'm trying to avail myself of the opportunity to voice my opinion while it is available to me to be able to do.

I would like to reinforce people who come up here asking for full access. And I really mean that in the fullest way possible. Some other vehicles that are overlooked in terms of clean air transportation are skateboards, are roller blades, and things like that, and kids who ride their skateboards. You see signs all over the place, don't ride your skateboard. Personally, from an environmental perspective, I'd rather see somebody ride a skateboard than take their vehicle.

Another part of my background is that I grew up 21 years in L.A. before I move up here. I moved up have because it is beautiful up here. And I want to see it stay that way.

In the eight years or so that I've lived up here, I have seen it get progressively worse. I have seen more single occupancy drivers. And in fact, I've seen several vehicles who ride with mannequins in their cars so they can go into the car pool lane. And that's the kind of stuff you would expect in L.A. But I hope it doesn't happen too much up here.

Anyway, I really urge you, as a commission, to not only get behind the bike access and wheelchair access and pedestrian access and all sorts of access -- and I think you guys are leading in that direction, and I encourage you to do so, and I congratulate you for that -- but I really want to see you encourage Caltrans to do the best job possible researching that option because, unfortunately, I think that Caltrans often thinks they only represent the exclusive auto drivers of the state. And I pay taxes, too. I have an auto. But I also have a bike. And I want to be represented.

I have some four short questions. One

is a question that came up for me is, as a citizen, most of us, as I do, think that tolls, bridge tolls, go to maintain the bridge. So it's kind of interesting to read all these costs and millions and how much it's going to cost to do these bridge options and yet, you know, there is the idea that you're going to make the tolls go up.

I would like you to investigate the bike path terminus, where it's going to be in relationship to the Transbay Terminal. And just in comparison, how much does another auto lane cost compared to a bike lane? Because the bike lane thing, estimate, in here looks a little expensive to me.

Also, why is height limited to eight feet on the path? I have a disability, I ride a special bike. If I were riding -- and I had to afford it with my parents. But a lot of people who have this disability can't. And that means they have to right their upright bikes with no hands as much as possible. I have a repetitive strain injury, and I can't be putting weight on my hands. So anyway, please try not to have the eight feet limit to the path.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you very much.

Mr. Scheidig. As he is coming forward, I would like to add that Caltrans is working very closely to the best possible, and every time they get trashed I get worried that we're going to lose the ability to have them keep working with us. So I'm very pleased with what they have brought forward thus far. I fully expect to continue to cooperate and would ask some mutual respect on the items.

STATEMENT BY KENNETH SCHEIDIG

MR. SCHEIDIG: Madame Chair and members of the Task Force who are still here, my name is Kenneth Scheidig. I'm general counsel for AC Transit. The name is spelled S-c-h-e-i-d-i-g.

I need to get a clarification on a procedure issue, if I might. Our office was of the understanding that you were doing a scoping session for purposes -- scoping session normally means for us environmental scoping. But I don't see an environmental document before us today, so --

CHAIRPERSON KING: This is a public participation process for lay people like me and the audience. If you want to make a comment on the

environmental, point those to Caltrans.

MR. MULLIGAN: We have not begun the formal environmental process except for the scoping portion. We will not have a draft EIR statement for many months. So the purpose for this is to solicit public comment and public input with respect to what the purpose of the meaning of the project may be.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Specifically, design.

MR. SCHEIDIG: At AC Transit -- when you finish the scoping session and have an environmental document, AC Transit would appreciate an opportunity to participate in that process.

I have some documents here for the Task Force. And there is one for each member of the Task Force, and also one for the record. I would request that copies be destributed to the Task Force and provided to those members who are not present.

What these documents indicate are the following.

AC Transit, by the way, tomorrow will have run, or its predecessors will have run buses across the Bay Bridge for 60 years. Tomorrow is the 60th anniversary of running buses across the Bay Bridge. We provide a significant service to the public by providing an alternative means of getting

across the Bay Bridge as opposed to BART.

indicated that BART is running at capacity. And you now have an opportunity to make certain that, as existed when the Bay Bridge was originally designed, there is an opportunity for mass transit to get across the Bay Bridge. And that mass transit, we contend, is buses as well as bicycles.

Buses, as you will see from the first document here in May 1963 -- on the back of it you will see a picture of a bus-only lane that existed in is 1962 westbound across the Bay Bridge, and it worked very well.

You'll see the next report deals exclusively with a study on lanes for the buses and car pools on the Bay Bridge. And that one indicated that there is a feasibility -- that was done in 1971 -- for a bus-only lane on the Bay Bridge.

President Killian, president of AC

Transit, wrote to you in March 1997, supporting the idea of a bus-only lane on the Bay Bridge, or at least an HOV lane during the commute hours on the Bay Bridge, so that buses can fulfill their responsibility of getting people across the Bay Bridge. We believe that's an option that has got to

be considered in the design of this bridge.

Furthermore, I would like to point out that the document you have before you -- since I only have 40 seconds left, or less -- is rather thick. I don't expect you to read it right now. I have put my telephone number on there and would ask that you take a look at it and call me on it.

What it does is point out and gives
you all the documentation and shows the relationship
between the Transbay Terminal and the Bay Bridge
spot. And we support the position of the City and
County of San Francisco that there has to be a
relationship between those two.

We do not, however, support the position that the Terminal should be at another location. The preference of the Transit board -- I appreciate that my time is up. I'll conclude. -- the AC Transit board is to have the Terminal at its present site. Only if it is not possible to have it at its present site should we look into somewhere else. If you read through these documents you will find that, contrary to what the myth happens to be, the Transbay Terminal is not ready to fall down. The state architect's office has indicated that there is work that needs to be done to keep it seismically

safe, but it is a safe facility at the present time. 1 CHAIRPERSON KING: 2 Thank you. John Doschman. 3 And following Mr. Doschman, Karen Gatten. 4 5 6 STATEMENT BY JOHN DOSCHMAN 7 MR. DOSCHMAN: My name is John Doschman. I'm with the Bike the Bridge Coalition. 8 9 Tonight is a historic occasion. 10 During this meeting, the United States Navy left Treasure Island. It was about 6 o'clock tonight that 11 12 they fired off the 11-gun salute and took down the Now Treasure Island is officially part of San 13 14 Francisco. 15 And as a resident of San Francisco, I 16 think I should be able to ride my bicycle around town and the island, and I should be able to do so at 17 least as soon, if not sooner, than the residents of 18 Oakland and the East Bay can ride to Treasure Island. 19 20 And to have them be able to do it before I could do it, I think that would be snubbing San Francisco and 21 22 myself. 23 I am pleased that Caltrans has come up 24 with these preliminary documents on the western span 25 bike path. I would like to thank them for doing

that. I emailed Caltrans and recommended that the bike path should be on the north side top deck. I believe either Greg Bayol or Brian Maroney -- who I have called many times, but I guess somehow it's hard to call me back or something like that. I have tried to get in touch with you. I have gotten no response.

I would like to say that Caltrans should propose that a west span bike path be established. They should take the lead in this. And that they should hold scoping meetings and initiate environmental studies. They should complete an engineering design for the retrofit of the west span of the bike path. They should do all the paperwork required.

The environmental study limits for the retrofit project of the east span should be expanded to include the west span bike path. The EIR should include alternatives with this transbay bike path.

As one of the alternatives, it should include the north side top deck of the western span.

So this is a good first step that

Caltrans has done, but it needs to be expanded and

extended to consider other alternatives for the west

span bike path and the full transbay bike path across

the Bay Bridge.

Please ask Caltrans to continue their good work and expand upon it. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Karen Gottner. Following Karen is Katherine Roberts.

STATEMENT BY KAREN GATTEN

MS. GATTEN: Hello, members of the

Commission. My name is Karen Gatten. I'm with

Solutions 2000. And we have been working for the

last six years on developing the initial concept of a

mass transit system for bicyclists that is a tube, a

double decker tube, three lanes of bike lane on

either level, that would basically clip on,

cantilever onto the Bay Bridge on the north side of

the bridge, northwest side, and to feed into both

Giants stadium, Transbay Terminal, and also the East

Bay economy.

what we propose is that this will be utilized by our tourism trade, that we would hope to expand in, based on the fact that we will be supplying everyone with an electric vehicle, an electric bike, so everyone, including the handicapped and the elderly and families, can go into the, hopeful, World's Fair on Treasure Island in 21st

century fashion.

We also think that this will help the East Bay economy. Because we do have roughly 16 million visitors in the San Francisco regional economy every year, that most of which do come to San Francisco, but don't go to the East Bay.

If there is an enclosed, elevated structure that is very safe for these bicycles, as well as electric bicyclists, we believe that we will have a boom in the East Bay economy as well as the West Bay economy. Also, we will have a way to get people into the new Giant's stadium and, hopeful, 49ers stadium.

We also know the numbers. And the numbers of the population expansion, which have been hitting the press lately, is going to be quite severe if we don't have a network in the whole bay region which clips onto existing highways and roadways and feed into bicycle priority streets.

Otherwise, we're going to have people that like to use their car not like to use their car a little more. I believe in using a car, but not using it where I'm deadlocked in traffic. I think the next generation of "boomlets" who are going to be hitting the streets here soon -- Caltrans predicts

1 the bridge capacity by the year 2005 will be 500,000 2 cars crossing it daily. 3 This "boomlet" generation, which is the ones in those numbers, need to have a network 4 5 supplied for them all over the whole entire Bay Area, and this first pilot program would have -- which is 6 all it is, it's a private/public mix also. And I 7 8 know my time is up. So I have also forms of a 9 summary of what we have --10 CHAIRPERSON KING: Give that to staff. 11 Katherine Roberts. And following 12 Ms. Roberts, Ezra Freeman. 13 14 STATEMENT BY KATHERINE ROBERTS MS. ROBERTS: Hi. I'm Katherine Roberts. 15 16 I live at 466 Frederick Street in San Francisco. 17 I don't drive. I hate taking BART. 18 Plus, as other people have pointed out, it's 19 restricted to bicyclists at certain key hours. 20 I would just like to add my voice to the people who have been advocating the bike path all 21 the way across the bay, with room for walkers, 22 skaters and wheelchairs. And I also ask for room for 23

future light rail and bus-only lanes.

I wasn't here for the old design of

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the Bay Bridge, when it had one whole level dedicated to light rail. But I know it had to be preferable to the design we have today, totally clogged with cars and closed off to people who aren't privileged enough to own a car, or who choose not to.

It's really a civil rights issue. The

roads are public property, they are supported by public finding. But they are -- people who don't own a car, which is private property, are not allowed access on them. To me, this seems unfair as well as unwise, and it turns the bridge into an environmental disaster.

Just one more thing I would like to say. The Transbay Terminal can stay where it is and be turned into a transit hub that would be able to accommodate Muni, BART, SamTrans, AC Transit, CalTrain as well as possible future high speed rail between San Diego to Sacramento. To me, that is the most forward looking idea that I have heard.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Ezra Freeman. And after Mr. Freeman,

23 Norman Rolfe.

Maybe Mr. Freeman has left. Norman

25 Rolfe.

STATEMENT BY NORMAN ROLFE

MR. ROLFE: I'm Norman Rolfe,

R-o-l-f-e. And I want to address the bridge design and the Transbay Terminal issues.

First of all, the bridge design -- I have seen cable-stay bridges. And they look pretty awful. In the renderings that are here, even though they are, undoubtedly, drawn up to make it look as pretty as possible, as you can see, cable -- the massive cables block out a good part of the view of the bay and intrudes on the landscape in general.

The one so-called viaduct: A clean-cut design, minimal interference with the beauty of the bay, minimal intrusion upon the landscape. So I would put in a vote for that design.

Also, the bridge should include pedestrian/bicycle facilities, as you've heard so many times here. It should also include provision for rails in the future and should have exclusive bus lanes on it. And I would think that the plain viaduct design would be much easier and less expensive to design, to include all those other facilities as well as the roadway. And Caltrans and MTC should start thinking about adding all those facilities to the western part of the bridge, also.

Caltrans and the other agencies have got to start thinking more in terms of moving people, not just simply in terms of moving vehicles.

The other is to address the Transbay

Terminal issue. To just about everybody who hasn't

been caught under the spell of certain very narrow

special interests in San Francisco, it makes

imminently good sense to have the one single combined

terminal at the site of the present Transbay

Terminal, one terminal where you have regional and

intercity transportation coming in: AC Transit,

Golden Gate, Greyhound, CalTrain, the future high

speed rail. And in fact, there is talk also of a

conventional rail to Monterey and so forth. This

would be the one logical place to have them all

coming in. The Transbay Terminal puts people much

closer to the destinations of most of them.

And second of all -- and it's easier to transfer for people who have to go from one agency to another. It certainly would be less expensive to build one terminal rather than two. It would cost less to maintain one terminal rather than two.

The opportunity for joint development would exist for the single and combined terminal, but would not exist with a split terminal because you

wouldn't have enough people going through it. 1 The 2 pedestrian traffic would be there for joint development, which would help finance all this kind 3 of stuff. 4 So I would urge you to listen to some 5 6 of the real transit advocates, not to some of the very narrow special interests, which you're probably 7 hearing from continually, and go for one single 8 9 combined terminal at the present Transbay Terminal site, where you would have all your good transit 10 connections and your intercity connections and so 11 12 forth. Thank you. 13 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. Hale Zukas. And his statement will be 14 read by Steve Heminger. 15 Good evening, Gale. 16 17 18 STATEMENT BY HALE ZUKAS For the record, it's Hale, 19 MR. HEMINGER: H-a-l-e, Zukas, Z-u-k-a-s. 20 21 (The following statement was read by 22 Mr. Steve Heminger for Mr. Hale Zukas, who was 23 present at the podium.) 24 MR. ZUKAS: "I am Hale Zukas, member of the Accessibility Committee AC Transit, BART and MTC, 25

although I am here representing only myself. 1 "Tell me who you believe, Mr. Sunshine 2 3 or the Alameda County mayor's conference and hundreds of bus riders who point to the patently obvious fact 4 that the bus terminal at Beale and Howard would - 5 provide much poorer service to transit riders than 6 7 the existing Transbay Terminal. 8 "Leaving aside the question of which 9 side is better, there is a question of where San 10 Francisco would find the nearly one hundred million dollars it would cost to move the terminal. 11 "I have heard rumors that people here 12 13 have their eyes on bridge tolls. I can assure you that if San Francisco has the unmitigated chutzpah to 14 try this, there will be holy hell to pay." 15 That concludes the MR. HEMINGER: 16 statement, Madame Chairman. 17 18 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 19 Classic and apropos, as you say. David Llewellyn. (Not present.) 20 21 22 STATEMENT BY TERRY ROLLERI 23 MR. ROLLERI: Good evening, Madame Chair and members of the Commission. My name is Terry 24

Rolleri. I live here in San Francisco. I'm a

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homeowner, and I live at 810 27th Avenue. And I just want to be in on the record in support of a bike lane across the entire length of the Bay Bridge.

My wife and I have not owned an automobile for about six or seven years now. We use our bikes and public transit for all of our needs.

And BART is just -- for getting across the East Bay, it's just not adequate. After midnight, you're pretty much stuck. And there have a few times I have been at concerts in the East Bay and had to leave early in order to catch BART home.

So I hope that this bike lane will be on the bridge very soon. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. Miriam

Hawley. And following Ms. Hawley is Jodi Perelman.

STATEMENT BY MIRIAM HAWLEY

MS. HOLLY: Good evening. I'm Miriam
Hawley, H-a-w-l-e-y. I'm a member of the board of
directors of AC Transit. I represent Ward 1 in the
East Bay. that's west Contra Costa County and the
Alameda County cities of Berkeley and Albany.

And I have been listening to the plans and suggestions for the new terminal at Beale Street and Main Street, and I have been listening to them

from the point of view of my constituents. And my conclusion is that we're asking quite a bit of my constituents if we move the terminal to Beale Street.

First of all, we're asking them to pay more. We will probably be asking higher bridge tolls and probably higher transit fares since the buses will be unable to move as effeciently within the new terminal and they won't have storage there as conveniently as they do at the old place.

Secondly, we're asking them to put up with a longer commute trip. Buses will be slower in the terminal, plus they will have to walk farther from the new terminal than they do now to get to the financial district, to connect with BART.

The final point is that it can't be an intermodal terminal, it can't connect with CalTrain there, and it won't be a convenient connection with the rail.

So I ask you to look at this proposal from the point of view of people who travel across the bay from the East Bay, especially people who need to use transit or who want to use transit. Because we need to encourage transit use just to make it possible for the new span of the bridge to be -- to promote the mobility of the many more people to meet

the ever increasing demand for transbay travel in our 1 Thank you. 2 area. 3 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 4 Jodi Perelman. And following Ms. Perelman is Gabriel Brovedani. 5 6 STATEMENT BY JODI PERELMAN 7 MS. PERELMAN: Hi. I'm Jodi Perelman, 94 8 9-. Walters Street in San Francisco. I would like to say that this 10 11 Commission has an incredible opportunity to send a 12 message that there are alternatives to relying on 13 cars and alternatives to insistence of having out of shape American bodies. I really hope that you will 14 ensure that there will be a safe and accessible bike 15 and pedestrian/bike lane across the bridge. 16 Thank you. 17 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 18 19 Following Mr. Brovedani, Howard Williams. 20 21 STATEMENT BY GABRIEL BROVEDANI 22 23 MR. BROVEDANI: Good evening. My name is Gabriel Brovedani. Thanks also for saying the name 24

right. It's not often that that happens.

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I am a resident of Oakland. I am a cyclist and member of the California Bicycle
Advocates. And I'm also an attorney here in San
Francisco.

While today I'm in slightly scruffy appearance, I do commute with a suit and tie on on occasion. I'm an intermodal commuter: I use a car, I use BART, I use buses and I use my bicycle. And I'm here to lend my support and my voice of support toward the bike lane across the entire Bay Bridge.

ride my bicycle to San Francisco, so it's an added convenience to have it here. When I do have a court appearance in court, it's simply easier to hop on my bike to go to court, without looking for parking and run the risk of not finding parking, which has happened.

The problem is going home. If I'm stuck in the office and I don't have the liberty of leaving before the BART limitations are in effect, I have the choice of taking the Caltrans shuttle, which isn't convenient for a couple of reasons. One, in a suit and tie, it's not the best place to ride, it's not the best place to ride, it's

Secondly, the hours are extremely

limited. And just recently I was stuck for an hour and a half in the City waiting for the next shuttle. Had I had access to a bike lane, it would have been quite easy to ride home. I would have sweated in a suit, but at least I could have taken a shower when I got there.

I would also like to make three points about the bike lane. Once a bike lane is built, you are going to create a psychological sense of access, not just to the cyclists who are here and want to use it, but also to others in the community.

I also worked as a tour guide when I went to law school. And I can guarantee that if a bike lane exists, and in particular for Treasure Island, people will use it, and some enterprising entrepreneur will sell tours for bicycles to Treasure Island.

Which brings me to my second point.

Treasure Island is going to be developed. When the army is gone -- the navy is gone, you're going to start seeing some sort of use for that area. And that will also increase traffic on the western span of the Bay Bridge, not just for commuting purposes but also for weekend recreation.

And my final point would be, if a bike

lane is built to go up the entire bridge, Caltrans would also have an extra lane they could use for access for maintenance or needed repairs, without having to block vehicle lanes.

So I do encourage you to do whatever you can to ensure that a bike lane is built across the entire Bay Bridge. Thanks a lot.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

Howard Williams.

STATEMENT BY HOWARD WILLIAMS

MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Madame
Chairperson. My name is Howard Williams. I live and
work in Japantown and vote in Japantown, I should
add.

The first thing I want to say is, I would like to second those speakers supporting the rail option to the Bay Bridge. And I would also second those speakers who would prefer a higher vertical clearance for the bike path.

I prefer to ride standing up. I find that more efficient for myself. And other people do. When I ride standing up, therefore, I'm almost eight feet tall at that point.

It is a human weakness that we often

overlook, but it's self-evident. What is self-evident is that a bike lane is a far more democratic way of transportation than motor vehicles.

Not only are bicycles financially accessible to more people, they are also more readily available to children, people with various disabilities, and to our elders.

Therefore, I feel it's your duty, as democratically selected and elected officials, to support the most democratic way of transportation across public roadways; in fact, what is perhaps the most important roadway in the Bay Area. So, therefore, I ask that you support the bicycle path across the Bay Bridge. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KING: After Mr. Zuckerman is Mr. Michelson.

STATEMENT BY ALEX ZUCKERMAN

MR. ZUCKERMAN: My name is Alex Zuckerman.

I'm chairman of the Regional Bicycle Advisory

Committee, also known as RBAC.

I'm delighted to find the strong support that many good speakers, including John Sutter, from the East Bay Regional Parks, with our support from editorials in the Oakland Tribune, the

1 San Francisco Chronicle, resolution by the board of 2 supervisors of San Francisco. And the City Council of Oakland is about to pass a resolution for Berkeley 3 4 and Emeryville. 5 Basically, I want to say I'm very pleased about the estimates. I want to especially 6 7 commend and praise Brian Maroney for a very good 8 estimate. And 149 million dollars is cheaper than we 9 thought. 10 And I want to urge you, Mary, and the 11 Commission to set aside the money part, make the best recommendation you can, and then let Lockyer and the 12 13 rest of the state worry about where the money is 14 going to come from. 15 And we are certainly willing to pay an 16 extra dollar on tolls for all the bridges. figuring out this cost, that would mean about a year 17 18 and a half additional tolls on local bridges. When you consider that, it's not so bad. 19 20 And finally, I want to tell you that I 21 designed a bumper sticker that says, "Bike Bay Bridge 22 Yes." It's available at bike stores. 23 And thank you very much. 24 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 25

STATEMENT BY STEVE MICHELSON

MR. MICHELSON: Thank you, Madame Chair.

I'm Mike Michelson. And I have a question that might be, more appropriate for someone to answer outside of this process. But my question basically concerns the environmental review process and how that is perceived to be or planned to be managed in the future.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Caltrans.

MR. MULLIGAN: I'll answer that.

impact statement for this project. The first step in an environmental impact statement is to define the scope of the project. And that is what we are undergoing here today with the series of these meetings. We'll then determine the scope of the project.

An environmental impact statement is really an array of technical studies that are summarized. It looks at all the available options and looks at the impacts of the available options. Certainly, the Bay Area's desired options will likely do quite well through the process. That process would verify that there is nothing that has been missed with respect to any environmental issues that

one alternative has compared to the others of more value or a better alternative.

We will have a draft document, and we will put out. And we will have public hearings for that, we will take public comments, and then we will do a final EIR statement.

MR. MICHELSON: Has the EIR/EIS process begun?

MR. MULLIGAN: The first step is the Notice of Intent. That Notice of Intent was published in the Federal Register some weeks ago. So technically, from a legal standpoint, yes, it has begun.

MR. MICHELSON: Will the folks performing that be associated with the engineering design firm or with Caltrans?

MR. MULLIGAN: Caltrans, on an each-project basis, makes a decision whether we do the work ourselves or we contract it out. The work on the Oakland/Bay Bridge we have done to date has been done by Caltrans staff. We have put a request for qualifications out on the street. We plan on contracting out the bulk of the work for the environmental impact statement.

MR. MICHELSON: Thank you.

MR. MULLIGAN: The deadline for the RFQ is

1 May 22nd, for any firms that may wish to apply. 2 CHAIRPERSON KING: Karen Moonitz. 3 following Karen is C.J. Lackner. STATEMENT BY KAREN MOONITZ 5 MS. MOONITZ: Good evening. My name is 6 7 Karen Moonitz. I'm with the San Francisco Bay Trail My address is P.O. Box 2050, Oakland 94604. 8 Project. 9 As you know, the bay trail alignment 10 plan proposes connections across all seven of the Bay 11 Area bridges, and so we appreciate this Task Force's consideration of providing a separated, multi-use 12 facility in the design process of the eastern and 13 western spans of the Bay Bridge. And we encourage 14 you to press on with that goal. 15 16 We would be happy to assist in any way that we can in the design process for a separated 17 multi-use path suitable for all users. We also want 18 to thank Caltrans for their presentation of the 19 20 preliminary designs. 21 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you very much. 22 C.J. Lackner. Following him, Richard 23 Stow. He's not here. David Hausman.

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STATEMENT BY RICHARD STOW

MR. STOW: My name is Richard Stow. I'm representing the Green Future Environmental Club at Foothill College in Los Altos hills, in Santa Clara County.

Our club has taken a position to not only support a bike lane across the Bay Bridge, but to have Caltrans include a rail in the proposed retrofit rebuild of the Bay Bridge. It would include two standard gauge railroad tracks, with design standards to accommodate an extension of CalTrain service to the Amtrak line at Jack London Square in Oakland. This station currently services the capital route.

We feel that it would be advisible to consider the electrified track as part of the design process, preferably running on direct current.

Inclusion of railroad tracks in the rebuilding of the eastern span of the Bay Bridge is an unprecedented opportunity to extend CalTrain to Oakland and Berkeley, ultimately with a railroad track on the Bay Bridge.

In a future rail-friendly, political environment regularly scheduled CalTrain service could run through the capital corridor between San

Jose and Berkeley, sort of creating the circular railway around the bay that's been talked about for years.

As many of you may know, the low deck of the Bay Bridge originally accommodated the key system until 1958. We are requesting that the Bay. Bridge Task Force conduct a study as to what is the ultimate passenger count that could be serviced by commuter rail service across the Bay Bridge.

automobile traffic on the bridge, we would like to see that the oils and other pollutants that run off of -- you know, drip from automobiles as they are driving across the bridge, be collected as opposed to having them go directly into the bay, to pollute the bay.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Your time has expired.

Thank you very much.

David Hausman. Following Mr. Hausman is Michael Longo.

MR. LACKNER: I was told my name was just called, C.J. Lackner.

CHAIRPERSON KING: You should have stayed in the room. Go ahead, you can speak.

STATEMENT BY C.J. LACKNER

MR. LACKNER: Good evening. My name is
Christian Lackner. I live in San Francisco, and I'm
a member of a small bicycle advocacy organization
called Bicycle (inaudible.) And I have never owned
or leased any kind of motor vehicle in my entire
life, so I'm also very much in favor of a segregated
bicycle path crossing the entire length of the Bay
Bridge on the northern side.

I would recommend that there also be a segregated pedestrian path on the southern side of the bridge, because in a decade or so from now, I think one path for bicyclists and pedestrians would be insufficient and could lead to dangerous encounters, as is sometimes the case on the Golden Gate Bridge during the times when bicyclists are not allowed on the western side.

I also want to speak out strongly in favor of the UC Berkeley design. It's obviously the best, that I have seen, of the ones that have been proposed. So I would recommend that you adopt that one.

Also, if you intend to accommodate rail across the bridge in the future, I would recommend that you accommodate high speed rail, not

just light rail. And that's it. 1 2 Thank you very much. 3 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you very much. David Hausman. 4 Following him is Michael Longo. 5 6 STATEMENT BY DAVID HAUSMAN 7 MR. HAUSMAN: My name is David Hausman. 8 live at 22 South Park Circle, Apartment 203, here in 9 San Francisco. And I want to, first off, thank Jon 10 Rubin and Tom Hsieh and the members from Caltrans for 11 staying after the 7:30 ending of this meeting. For 12 13 you to stay --CHAIRPERSON KING: How about me? You're 14 not going to thank me, too? They live right near in 15 16 in town. I live out of town. (Laugher.) 17 MR. HAUSMAN: Yes, Ma'am. I want to thank you, too. 18 19 What I would like to address the board 20 is, that I have always -- most of my life I was a 21 resident of the City of Oakland. And I have always 22 ridden a bicycle, even as a small kid. Much of my 23 bike riding experience was in the Mills College area. 24 During the Persian Gulf War I began riding seriously, commuting every day between 25

Hegenberger Road in Oakland to the Oakland Naval
Supply Center and back, although the navy supplied a
shuttle bus.

Then after the fire storm in Oakland,
I moved here to San Francisco. And I have been
commuting to work every day by bicycle ever since.
Although I do own a car and brought the car to this
meeting, the first three months of this year I have
bicycled over 700 miles in this local area.

from Twin Peaks and take BART from downtown Oakland and go all the way up Tunnel Road, up to Grizzly Peak Boulevard, up by that the Contra Costa County line, and come all the way back down to San Francisco. It would help greatly if you added a bike lane to the Bay Bridge.

And at the first opportunity, when people could write letters, I wrote you a letter,

Ms. King, directed from San Francisco, and I proposed at that time that a bicycle lane be dropped over one side of the eastern span of the Bay Bridge. And I also proposed at that time that, after it's dropped over off the side, that it should be covered.

Because, as the gentleman from Caltrans mentioned, the wind and inclimate weather has not been studied

as to how it would affect the bike line.

So I would propose that you have a plexi-glass cover, for two reasons. First off, it allows a bicyclist or pedestrian to view the view. Secondly, it protects the bicyclists and pedestrians from inclimate weather. And thirdly, it would prevent jumpers from using that bicycle/pedestrian lane as a suicide platform.

I also propose that if you do put a plexi-glass cover on top of the bike lane, that you run a string of lights on the inside so people can use it at night and see where they're going.

Thirdly, I would like to have Caltrans study the idea of putting a bicycle lane on the underside of the western portion of the Bay Bridge, suspended from the lower deck. There is enough room right there that you could suspend it all the way across.

And finally, I would like to say that
I am in favor of the cable-stayed design on the
eastern side, either the one presented by the two
professors, either the sail version, or the one that
is embedded in the rock of Yerba Buena Island.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you.

STATEMENT BY MICHAEL LONGO

MR. LONGO: Thank you very much. My name is Mike Longo. I live at 1006 Seabright Avenue in Santa Cruz. I'm late for submitting a new drawing, new bridge idea, and I apologize for that. I only heard Wednesday of the deadline.

What I propose is instead of having towers as the suspension portions of the bridge, have office buildings. And the office buildings would, obviously, be an income source. I've got it written up here. And I plan on attending the Monday meeting.

And I have got three layers here for the bridge, the top layer being the ever popular bike lane access. Access to the towers, would be here. We've got six lanes. And it would also match the skyline of the other bay bridges that we love so much.

MR. HEMINGER: Madame Chair, I believe you mentioned it, but at the end of -- one of the first two days of the workshop, there will be open comment time, where he and others can present ideas at that time. And I urge you to do so. If you have something today, we'll take it at this time.

CHAIRPERSON KING: I have a question. Can you only bike in to the buildings? Because where are

1 the people going to put their cars? MR. LONGO: No. This is an office building 2 like the Transamerica building. 3 CHAIRPERSON KING: Right. But where will 4 people park their cars? 5 6 MR. LONGO: On the bridge itself. 7 one proposal. Or in the basement of the building. 8 Here is the building. They could park down here. 9 (Indicating.) CHAIRPERSON KING: 10 Okay. MR. LONGO: So different ideas. And you've 11 got six lanes to deal with. So you have got two 12 13 lanes for parking and two lanes for access. CHAIRPERSON KING: 14 Thank you. MR. LONGO: And two lanes for bike. 15 16 CHAIRPERSON KING: Thank you. 17 All right. This brings our public 18 comments for the San Francisco public hearing to a I want to thank you all for attending. 19 20 I would also like to announce, on 21 behalf of the Metropolitan Transporation Commission, 22 that we proudly will get along on our rail extension program extending BART to the west, the Pittsburg 23 station. And tomorrow the Dublin extension will be 24 open. And I want to commend all the Commissioners 25

for the program going as well as it is going thus far. And I invite those of you who are interested in participating in the opening of the BART line to Dublin to be at that station tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. Thank you for your participation. We'll look forward to your continued interest and continued in the process as it is goes forward. (Ending time: 8:35 p.m.)

1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 3 I, SHARON LANCASTER, CSR No. 5468, Certified 4 Shorthand Reporter, certify: 5 That the foregoing proceedings were taken 6 before me at the time and place therein set forth; 7 8 That the proceedings were recorded stenographically by me and were thereafter 9 transcribed; 10 That the foregoing is a true and correct 11 transcript of my shorthand notes so taken. 12 13 I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or of any of the parties, 14 15 nor financially interested in the action. I declare under penalty of perjury under the 16 laws of California that the foregoing is true and 17 18 correct. 19 Dated this 13th day of May, 1997. 20 21 22 23 24 . 25

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PRESS Bay Bridge Design Task Force Public Hearing

May 8, 1997 - 5:30 p.m.

NAME COLL NO HE 1. MICHAEL LEVIN	REPRESENTING
2. Portara Taylor Doug Sovern	ECB5
3. Due Novembaum	ENR
4. Robert Dakes	Contra Costa Times
5. Janon Salving	Si can forthus
6. Janu Wessels	SP Bay Gnarcha
7. Jodi Perelman	TIKKUN magazine
8. Jim Zamora	SF Examiner
9. Roma Abranson	Oakland Trikune
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Section/LPA/SFOBBsign-in

Page ____ of ____

Bay Bridge Design Task Force Public Hearing

May 8, 1997 - 5:30 p.m.

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Bay Bridge Design Task Force

Public Hearing May 8, 1997 - 5:30 p.m.

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Bay Bridge Design Task Force

Public Hearing May 8, 1997 - 5:30 p.m.

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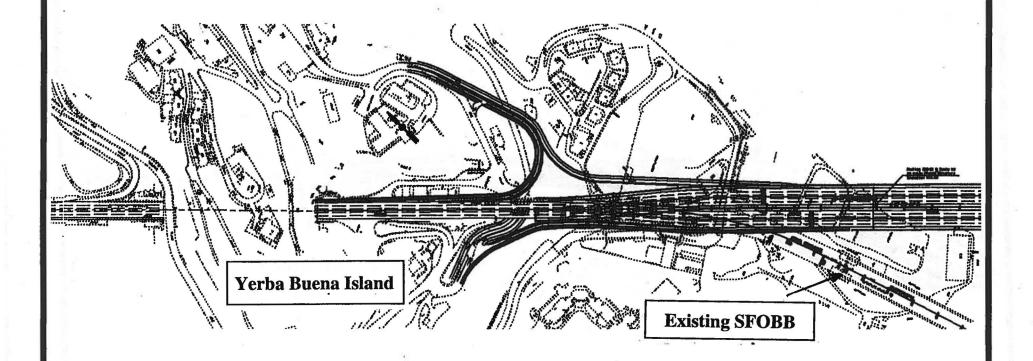
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7. Jodi Perelman	TIKKUN magazine	26 Fell St. PAPG54-D
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9. JACKLE LANDSMAN	SENATOR QUENTIN KOPP	SO.SF 94080
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Section/LPA/SFO8Baign-in		Page of

SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND BAY BRIDGE (SFOBB) YERBA BUENA ISLAND (YBI) RAMP OPTIONS (CONCEPTUAL)

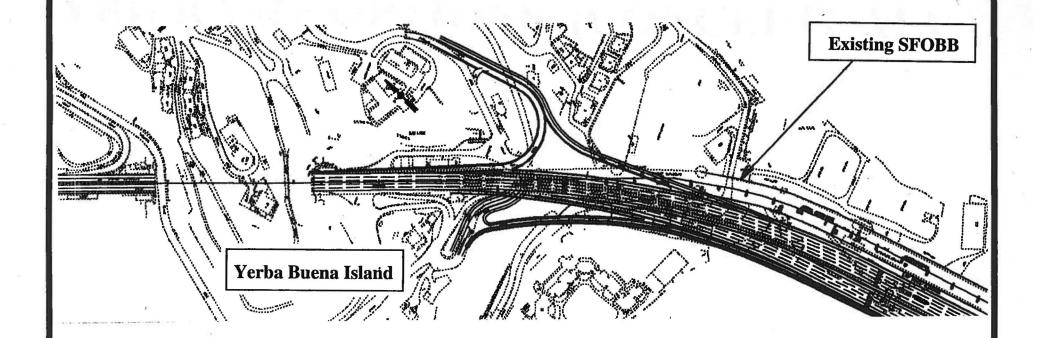
Conceptual Design For Design Study Only



SFOBB New East Span-Northern Alignment Alternative New Ramp Access

5/8/97

Conceptual Design For Design Study Only



SFOBB New East Span-Southern Alignment Alternative New Ramp Access

5/8/97

EASIBILITY STUDY ON AN XCLUSIVE LANE FOR USES AND CAR POOLS ON THE AN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND BAY BRIDGE

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April 1971

REPARED BY THE
ALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
N RESPONSE TO
ENATE RESOLUTION NO. 216-1970 REGULAR SESSION
Y SENATOR LEWIS F. SHERMAN

Results and Conclusions

Theoretical analysis indicates a possibility of success in a plan providing an exclusive lane for westbound buses and autos containing three or more people approaching the toll booths and in exclusive lane from the toll booths onto the bridge. This clan will be successful only if there is a significant increase in the number of people using car pools and buses. If this shift oes not occur, the plan as described will result in fewer vehicles and people able to cross the bridge and an increase in congestion.

There is great statewide - and even nationwide
nterest in the use of lanes for the exclusive use of buses and

igh occupancy autos to increase the people carrying capacity of

ighway facilities. There is a need to determine the operational

racticality of exclusive lanes. A trial will not adversely

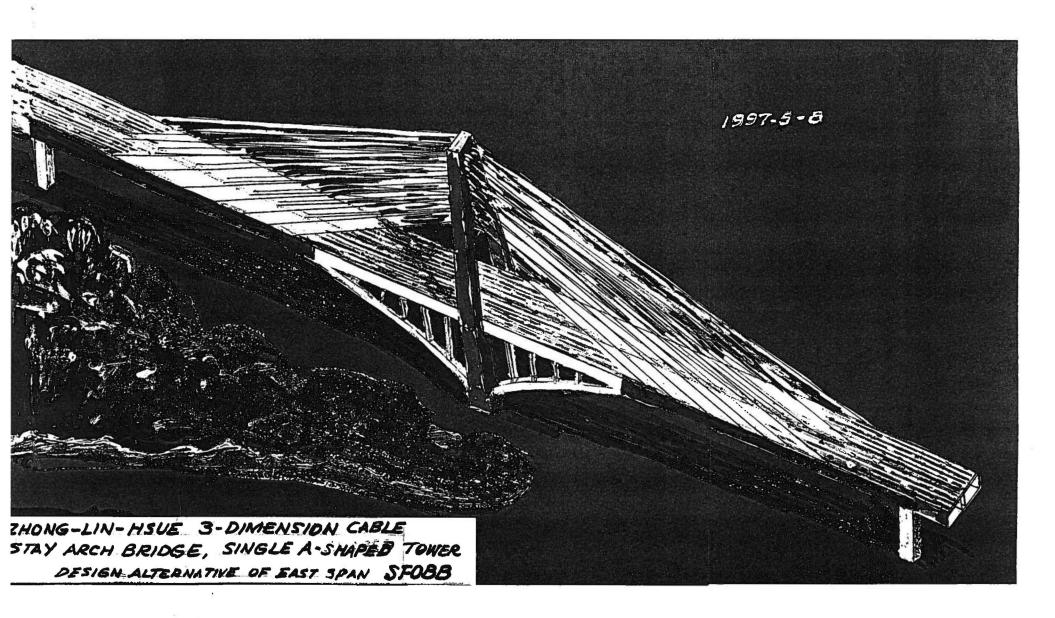
ffect safety. For these reasons an actual field trial is

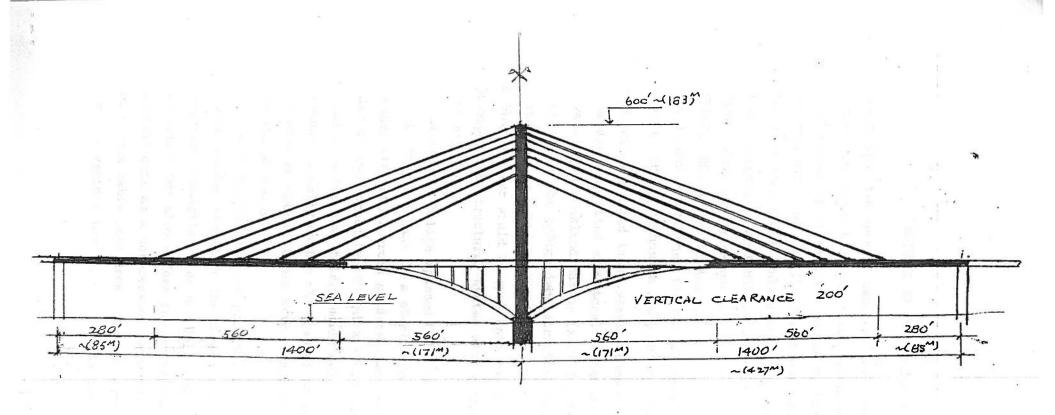
arranted even though we cannot ensure that the necessary shift

n vehicle occupancy will occur.

The analysis proved that it is not feasible or benefilal to establish an exclusive lane for buses and car pools across
he bridge in the eastbound direction. The analysis also showed
hat carrying an exclusive lane all the way across the bridge in
he westbound direction would result in serious operational
roblems.

Therefore it is intended, at the earliest practical ate, to operate for a period of not less than 30 days a westbound clusive lane approaching the toll plaza and onto the bridge or the use of buses and cars with three or more people.





DESIGN ALTERNATIVE OF EAST SPAN SFORB

ZHONG-LIN-HSUE 3-DIMENSION CABLE STAY ARCH BRIDGE
SINGLE A-SHAPED TOWER

[997-5-8

FEATURES OF OUR DESIGN ALTERNATIVE

Based upon two special cautions for structural analysis of cable stay bridge and other kinds of bridge with large span in high seismic region. I had raised up in last two public meetings held by CALTRAN&MTC. In view of such cautions, We'll present our design alternative for new bridge for east span SFOBB. This design alternative or conceptional design option designed by Prof. HSUE, CHENTUNG, American consultant, bridge mechanic Group, Reviewed by expert of bridge engineering, bridge mechanics group, SKLESA PRC, member of Academy of Science PRC. also reviewed by Full Prof. LIN, JIAHAO established the PEM of linear random vibration structural analysis, bridge mechanics group, SKLESA, PRC.

- 1.Single A-sharped tower, steel 3-dimension cable stay bridge and R.C arch bridge composited structural system symmetrically spanned(1400') the waterway to Oakland habour. (ABBV: 3-D cable stay arch bridge). 3-D cable stayed on the bridge deck structure would help under high seismic excitations as well as gust (heavy wind)
- 2. Single tower would be sunk into the bedrock of Yeuba Buena island.
- 3. Composited structural system with 2 kinds of bridge, each has his own point.

Cable stay bridge spanned 840' uses composite structure of bridge deck. They are made of a steel grid of 2 main girders along the deck adges with steel cross griders spanning 60'at 15' distance and a R.C. slab on top formed by 10" thick R.C. preast panel and cast in situ joints.

- 4. Shorter cable stay bridge would help to reduce the unfavorable prestress occurred usually on the mid span of cable stay bridge in some extent due to shorter span of cable stay bridge of composite structural system as mentioned above.
- 5.R.C. arch bridge uses the precast R.C. segments taking advantage of temporal cables stayed on the tower to set up in situ joints. This construction conception does not only lead to a quick and simple erection procedure but also offers the economical advantage that the concrete segment acts as a compression member to take most of the horizontal thrust from cable stay deck—besides carrying dead weight of arch bridge and the vehicle land of arch bridge deck.

- 6.Less cables stayed on the cable stay arch bridge not only easily carries out their construction but also creates an elating liberation of space under less cables and expecially Ashaped less cable stay bridge matches
 - with curved arch bridge forms an arsthestic appearance.
 - 7. This design alternative accommodates adsequate ample room on either for bicycle lane and handicaped facility lane and shouder lane for installed vehicles.
 - 8. This design alternative offers a lot of vent holes along the central lane of the deck would help keep very wide deck from buffeting or flutter effect due to gust excitation.

BRIEF STATEMENT OF PROF.LIN'S PSUEDO EXCLTATION METHOD (PEM)OF LINEAR RANDOM VIBRATION STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

Prof.Lin's PEM in random vibration analysis has been set up on the advanced and top level on the world records. The distinguished features of his PEM comprises (a). In form, the PEM transforms random excitations into determinstic ones, and so simplifies the computation process considerably, the more important thing is that the PEM implements the CQC algorithm of random vibration not only to be quite efficiently Typically, it is 100 or more times faster than the conventional methods available in the literature, but also to make analysis of wave passage effect (however the well know spectrum response method practically introuce CQC algorithm of random vibration for comparatively not so complex structure cannot be used for analysis of wave passaage effect) (b).the ease of mastering the theoretical study by engineers and researchers and (c).the relevant computer program with very high efficiency (to get a precise result in a very short time) not only in the seismic(wind excited vibration...) stationary analysis of complex structures with several thousand degrees of freedom with ground surface nodes around 100, but also in non-stationary random vibration analysis. Just to do a seismic analysisfor such complex structures with a greet number of degrees of freedom and ground surface nodes is cannot be done by any other updated editions of software such as SAP, NASTRAN, ANSYS... being available in the United States.

The capability of the EPM program requires a computer with 1000 MB hard disk and 16MB RAM.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Oakland, May 6, 1997

The East Bay Regional Park District Board of Directors today urged Caltrans to include a pedestrian and bicycle lane on the proposed new Bay Bridge.

Oakland Park District Director John Sutter said, "A bicycle lane on the new bridge would permit a great new recreational experience. The view from the bridge, like that from the Golden Gate Bridge, is dramatic. The lane could connect with one around Yerba Buena Island and Treasure Island, providing a wonderful scenic and great tourist attraction to the Bay Area".

"The plan also makes sense for bicycle commuting, whether or not a bicycle lane can be added to the San Francisco side of the bridge. Bicyclists could cycle to the Island and then board their bikes on a bus for the final leg to San Francisco.

"Moreover, one must take the long view. The new bridge may last a century, but who knows how much longer the San Francisco side will last. It is already 60 years old. Most of the highway bridges of its era — the original Dumbarton, San Mateo and Carquinez — have been or soon will be, demolished.

"if a new bridge on the San Francisco side is built in a decade or two, will its designers be able to complete the bicycle lane to San Francisco because today's builders had the foresight to include one on the Oakland side now? Or will they damn today's builders for tunnel vision for having failed to do so?

"In March the State and the East Bay Regional Park District finalized the agreement with Catellus for the acquisition of the Eastshore State Park site. The park will include a nine-mile bike trail extending from Richmond to Emeryville along the Bay with a spur extending west parallel to the Bay Bridge approach to the water's edge. A bike and walking trail should continue from this spur onto the new bridge."

I am Hale Zukas, member of the accessibility Committees for ACTransit, BART, and MTC, although I am here representing only myself.

Tell me, who do you believe—Mr. Sunshine or the Alameda lounty Mayor's Conference and hundreds of bus riders, who point the patently obvious fact that a bus terminal at Beale and Howard would provide much pover service to transit riders than the existing trans-bay terminal.

Leaving aside the question of which site is better, there is the question of where San Francisco would find the nearly 100 million dollars it would cost to move the terminal. I have heard rumors that people here the have their eyes on — BRIDGE TOOLS ???!! I can assure you that if San Francisco has the unmitigated chutzpah to try this, they there will be only holy hell to pay.

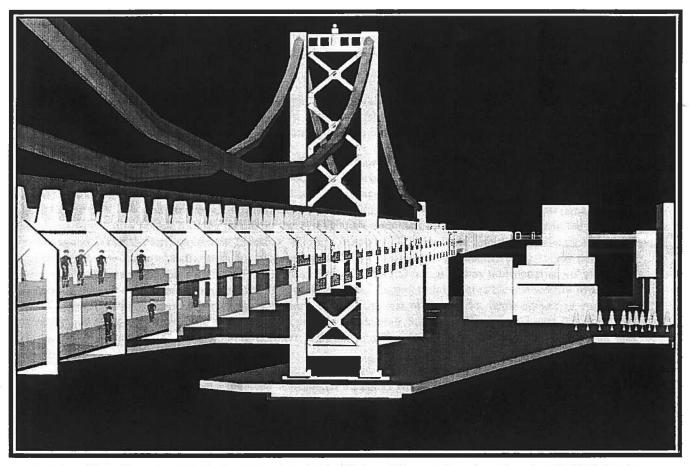
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 P.O. Box
 471777, SAN FRANCISCO CA 415/567-3633
 CA 94147-1777

EXPRESS BIKEWAY

APPENDIX C: VIDEO PRODUCTION PROJECT



View from Treasure Island of Proposed Express Bikeway

Graphic by ASCI, Mt. View, CA



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

April 12, 1992

SOLUTIONS 2000

P.O Box 471777 San Francisco, CA 94147-1777

Statement of Specific Purposes

"The Specific purposes for which this corporation is organized is to develop an institution to teach and disseminate educational material to the government and public, including, but not limited to improving the urban environment, through an urban planning and product development exchange, publications, lectures, or otherwise."

Express Bikeway Project

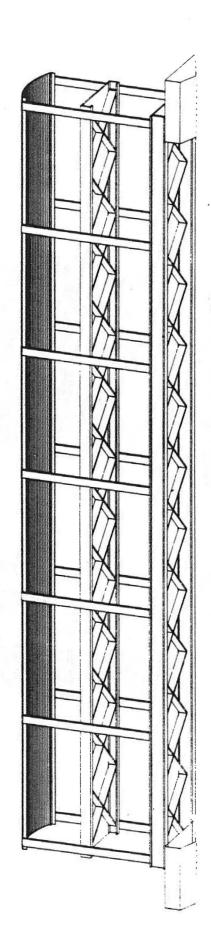
The Bay Bridge linking San Francisco to the east could display the <u>first</u> Express Bikeway transportation system, creating a metropolitan area of the future in transportation for the world to see. The Express Bikeway will not only show how citizen health, parking, air quality and highway congestion can improve, but will also improve tourism and business foot traffic wherever it goes.

With the first link from the Embarcadero over the bay bridge to Oakland/Berkeley, and later to Contra Costa County, over the Richmond Bridge to Marin, and then down both sides of the bay, we envision a major change in mass transit with inexpensive, social and clean commute travel within the Express Bikeway.

Solutions 2000 is presently working on attaching an Express Bikeway to the Bay Bridge made out of light weight advanced composite plastic materials by the year 2000. The Express Bikeway is a new low cost transit system for bicyclists and electric 'City Bikes' which include 2 to 12 passenger bikes (all presently for hire at Stow Lake in Golden Gate Park). We want to provide infrastructure for the efficient movement of people along elevated bikeway tubes showcasing a new people moving model for the 21st Century over the Bay Bridge and throughout the proposed Treasure Island Worlds' Fair, into a new Transbay 'Express Bikeway' Terminal and into the new Giants and 49ner stadiums. This new mass transit system for bicyclists and electric vehicles could handle up to 16.000 passengers an hour to help decrease the volume of traffic on the Bay Bridge. This Express Bikeway transportation infrastructure could then be further developed through networks of elevated tubes feeding into bay area bicycle priority streets, and serve as model for other metropolitan areas around the US and the rest of the world, while advancing composite technology and light-weight electric vehicle production for the United States. Also, the Express Bikeway will generate millions for its LLC stock holding partners. Caltrans and The City during and after a Worlds' Fair and Giants stadium opening in the year 2000.

The Express Bikeway project has been received with mixed blessings from Caltrans because of the uncertainty of the east bay bridge rebuild and western retrofit projects. Further, we now have a composite engineering and manufacturing partnership as of June 1996 to move this project into the research and engineering stage as soon as we get Caltrans and The City approval. The soon to be released 3D Video of the Express Bikeway on the San Francisco Bay Bridge would provide information to the public and private sectors, while investigating the public constituency. We hope to also provide the needed visuals to obtain a Caltrans partnership, private sector partnerships with toll road status, and the public appeal needed to complete the Express Bikeway project by the year 2000.

Any questions, please contact Karen Gatter at P.O. Box 471777, San Francisco, CA 94147-1777. If requested we will keep you informed on how you can help, the future progress and meetings about the Express Bikeway transportation project.



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f California Department of Public Works Division of Highways

In Cooperation with U.S. Bureau of Public Roads

San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge
Trans-Bay Bus Riders Survey

May 1963

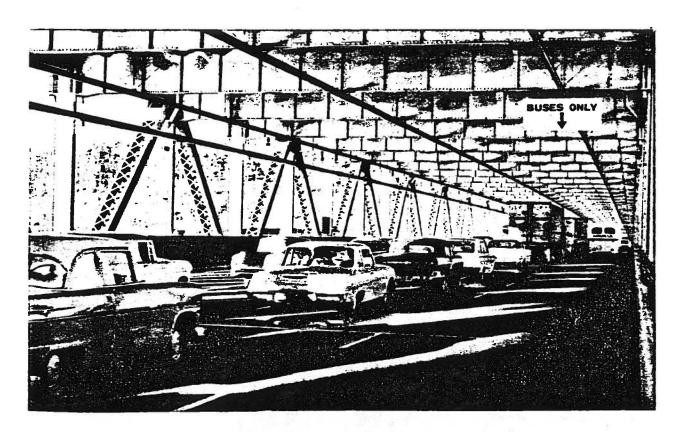
Prepared by:

C. E. Zell - Urban Planning Department

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DEC 2 1963

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TRANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC EMAINMERING In January 1962, an order was issued restricting the eastbound shoulder lane of the west bay crossing for the use of buses only. This did not change the capacity of the signal at Yerba Buena Island, but it enabled the buses to bypass the queues of autos and trucks which now had to line up two abreast on the west bay crossing while waiting for their turn to go through the bottleneck. As will be developed later in this report, this gave the buses an advantage of about nine minutes as compared with the autos and trucks which were bypassed, and it was hoped that this would induce sufficient auto riders to switch to buses so that the vehicular volume would be reduced to a figure more comparable with capacity of the bridge.



Exclusive Bus Lane